SCRATCHING MAKES IT WORSE!
END RINGWORM THIS EASY WAY
JUST APPLY POWELL'S KURAIN. THIS LOTION GIVES INSTANT RELIEF FROM RINGWORM, ECZEMA, DHOBIE'S ITCH & OTHER SKIN AFFLICTIONS. AVAILABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS.
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Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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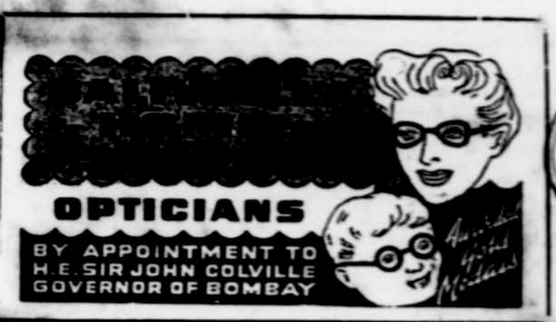

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Br. Terms For Continuation Of Palestine Mandate

Creech-Jones Carries Bevin's Message To Marshall

WILL U.N.O. SHARE COST & ODIUM OF ADMINISTERING IT?

LONDON, Sept. 21, (I.P.A.): Colonial Secretary Creech-Jones flew to New York last night to tell U.N.O Assembly that Britain could no longer continue to bear Palestine burden unaided. After attending the Cabinet meeting yesterday, Colonial Secretary is reported to have drafted a speech with the co-operation of Mr. Bevin and Mr. Alexander.

It will prepare the Assembly for withdrawal of Britain's troops in Palestine next year unless joint United Nations action can be taken to share the cost and international odium of administering the mandate.

The view of leading Cabinet Ministers is that continuation of the present situation is not tolerable and that some revision of responsibility in maintaining peace, while the solution agreed upon by the Assembly is applied, is urgently necessary. Mr. Creech-Jones is expected to carry a personal message from Mr. Bevin to Mr. Marshall to this effect. British Government is determined that time must be put to the period of last lap of responsibility.

It is likely that at a later stage, British delegation at UNO will announce a deadline for complete withdrawal from Palestine.

Railwaymen's Assurance To Nehru Govt.

Will Keep Communication Lines Functioning: Strike Threat May Be Withdrawn

TRICHINOPOLY, September 21. (A.P.I.): The Central Executive Committee of the South Indian Railway Labour Union, which met here today under the chairmanship of Mr. Kalyanasundaram, its President, passed a resolution assuring Pandit Nehru that Indian railwaymen were fully behind him and his Govt. in "this moment of national crisis" and guaranteeing to raise a full complement of non-communal, patriotic railwaymen to man necessary troop, refugee and food trains and thus keep the lines of communication functioning.

The committee also decided not to take a strike ballot since the latest offer made by the Railway Board "meant a big achievement for railwaymen in India". It suggested to the General Council of A.-I. R. F. to reconsider its strike ballot decision.

CALL TO RAILWAY WORKERS

MADRAS, September 21 (A.P.I.): An appeal to the railway workers to offer their maximum co-operation to the Government of India was made by Mr. S. Guruswami, General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, who felt that the Dominion Government was determined to do justice to the millions of railway employees.

Mr. Guruswami who was addressing the M. and S. M. Railway Employees Union, also indicated that in view of the conciliatory attitude of the Railway Board, the federation might withdraw its strike threat.

B.B. & C.I. Rly. Union On Govt.'s New Offer

BARODA, Sept. 21. (A.P.I.): The Central Executive Committee of the B. B. and C. I. Railwaymen's Union after two days' deliberations today expressed the opinion that the new offer made by the Transport Ministry, even though it did not meet fully the irreducible minimum demands, as formulated in the Delhi resolution of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, was on the whole, an appreciable advance over the initial stand of the Railway Board for an 'interim' settlement.

The Committee therefore recommended to the Federation to reconsider its Delhi resolution in the light of the situation created by the new proposals and formulate their demands accordingly.

The Committee also passed resolutions condemning the communal riots in the country and pledging full support to Railwaymen to the Indian Government.

NO STRIKE THREAT BY CITY POLICE

BOMBAY, September 21. (API): "The Commissioner of Police has noticed some reports in the press about Bombay City policemen threatening to go on strike. These reports are incorrect and baseless", says a press note issued today from the office of the Commissioner of police, Bombay.

EXODUS FROM DELHI, WITHOUT MOLESTATION

Foreign Press Correspondents' Anti-Indian Attitude Deplored

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Sept. 21.—Partial and anti-Indian Dominion attitude of certain foreign correspondents referred to recently by Pandit Nehru continues to be the subject of discussion here. Severe criticism and photographs of Muslim refugee camps are believed to have been sent abroad. Correspondents, it is asserted here, have not realised that refugees problem could not be foreseen by any Government. Within a short space of time the Central Government with its own staff were able to set up three refugee camps which were fully supplied with foodgrains, coal, salt, water, light and medical aid. Exodus from Delhi has been orderly and without molestation. I personally saw a line of refugees moving out to camps this morning with all their belongings.

The Government of India daily issues bulletins of all available news from Delhi and Eastern Punjab. In fact, there has been complete black out of all news from the Western Punjab. This fact has not been published by these British and American correspondents now stationed in New Delhi. I visited the Control Room in Old Delhi where clocklike disposal of work was witnessed by me. Orders of day relating to distribution of food, coal, salt and medical aid are issued every morning and reports on their execution received by the end of day. Many more shops were opened in the two Delhis today and life looked normal.

Chinese Press Backs Gandhiji For Peace Prize

SHANGHAI, Sept. 21. (Reuter). The Chinese newspaper "China's press" today suggested that Mr. Gandhi should be awarded the year's Nobel peace prize.

"Many world figures have made tremendous efforts to drive from the face of the earth the spectre of war, but none we believe, has personally risked his own life so many times in the cause of peace, as Mr. Gandhi has done" the newspaper said.

"In more senses than one Mr. Gandhi has been in the front line of peace during the year and to him the award should go".

Nehru And Azad Call On Mahatma

NEW DELHI, Sept. 21. (API): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister and Maulana Azad, Education Minister, called on Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon.

STOP PRESS

INDONESIAN ADVANCE IN CENTRAL JAVA

BATAVIA, Sept. 21 (Reuter).—Eight Dutch were killed and 37 wounded and one tank was destroyed when Dutch troops ran into a minefield in an attack on the mid-Java front, the Indonesian Republican 'communique' reported tonight.

The Republicans also claimed to have recaptured a strategical position north of Poerbolinggo, Central Java.

AMERICA AWAITS MOSCOW ANNOUNCEMENT

NEW YORK, Sept. 21 (IPA).—Soviet delegation leader Vishinsky's bitter attack on Britain and United States in UNO is taken here as a hint that Russia had progressed much in the field of atomic development and the Kremlin is believed to be waiting to make an announcement at a psychological moment to coincide with the discussion in General Assembly of International Control of Atomic Energy.

"REJECT RUSSIAN OIL AGREEMENT"

Opposition Leaders Plea To Majlis

TEHERAN, Sept. 21. (U.P.A.): An Opposition leader told the Majlis today: "The Iranian nation cannot accept any agreement which Premier Ghavam has signed with the Soviet Russia".

Levelling a finger at Prime Minister Ghavam-es-Sultana, as he spoke, the prominent Opposition deputy, Dr. Etebar, declared that Ghavam was not "a true representative" of Iran when he negotiated the Soviet-Iranian Oil agreement, inasmuch as the Ghavam Government at that time had not received a vote of confidence from the Majlis.

Etebar urged that the Majlis withhold official approval from Ghavam's Government and thus legally prevent it from entering into a binding agreement with any foreign power. Other Opposition deputies supported him.

160 POLITICALS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

SHOLAPUR, September 21. (UPI): One hundred and sixty politicals have been on hunger-strike in the Usmanabad Central Jail since yesterday as a protest against the treatment meted out to the politicals by the jail authorities, according to reports received by the office of the Hyderabad State Congress here.

Nearly 140 Satyagrahis were arrested in Tugaon, Naltarge, Degaon, Wagholi and Latur areas.

Jet-Propelled "Flying Wings" For Britain

LONDON, Sept. 21. (Reuter): This week's sensational Ministry of Supply announcement that a new series of high speed jet-propelled heavy bombers is going into production means the end of propellor-driven war planes in Britain, writes Reuter's air correspondent. The changeover will take place gradually.

Already jet-propelled air force Vampire and Gloster Meteor fighters are whistling over the country. They will be joined in the next year or two by jet bombers.

This will not be the only revolution. The Ministry of Supply have also disclosed officially that contracts will probably be placed for bombers designed in the shape of what is now widely known as the 'Flying Wing." On the information compiled so far, however, two jet-propelled "wings" will probably be ordered in the near future.

The combination of jet engines with the flying wing is likely to send bomber speeds up from 300 miles to over 600 miles an hour approaching the speed of sound.

It is expected that one feature of the new planes will be an altitude for above anything so far reached.

Liaquat Ali Leaves For Karachi

LAHORE, Sept. 21. (API): Mr. Liquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister, Pakistan, is flying to Karachi tomorrow. Mr. H.S. Suhrawardy, former Prime Minister of Bengal is accompanying him.

Gandhiji Visits Rajen Babu

NEW DELHI, Sept. 21. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi this evening visited Dr. Rajendra Prasad who has been indisposed for some time at the latter's residence on his way back from a tour of the city.

Dr. Prasad is likely to leave for Pilani on Tuesday september 23.

Haj Special Train To Bombay Cancelled

HYDERABAD, Sept. 21 (API).—A special train which was scheduled to carry Haj pilgrims from Hyderabad to Bombay today has been cancelled. The reason is stated to be the insecurity of the journey by rail through certain areas.

Delhi Muslims Cheer "Father Of Independent India"

Mahatma & Party Drive Through Curfew-Ridden Areas

NEW DELHI, Sept. 21. (API): MAHATMA GANDHI VISITED THIS AFTERNOON SADAR BAZAR IN THE CITY. HE BRIEFLY ADDRESSED A MUSLIM CROWD.

STARTING FROM HIS RESIDENCE AT 5 P. M. MAHATMA GANDHI DROVE THROUGH CURFEW-RIDDEN ROADS WHCH BORE TRACES OF RECENT DISTURBANCES. HE PASSED QUTAB ROAD PAHARGANJ, SADAR BAKAR AND CAME TO PHUL METHAI, A THICKLY POPULATED MUSLIM AREA.

At Phul Bargesh, Mahatma Gandhi was received by a large gathering of Muslims. He was taken to a balcony of the house of Mr. Abdul Khaleque Lalterwalla. From there he addressed some thousands of Muslims who were coolly standing on the road. House tops in the vicinity were filled with Muslim women in "Burqa".

Mahatma Gandhi in a short address asked the Muslims to shed fear and live with brotherly feeling with the Hindus and Sikhs.

The Muslims loudly cheered Mahatma Gandhi and raised slogans like "Mahatma Gandhi Zindabad," "pride of the nation," "father of independent India."

A spokesman from among the gathering said: "We want peace with our Hindu brothers, we urge you to unite us two as brothers".

Mahatma Gandhi was loudly cheered when he drove away from the place. Long lines of Muslims stood on either side of the roads. They gave him salutes in military style.

While passing through the Muslim areas, Mahatma Gandhi and party were stopped by a large crowd in a Hindu locality in Pahari Dhiraj. People rushed towards Mahatma Gandhi's car for "darshan".

While passing through Chandni Chowk, Mahatma Gandhi observed how the city's busiest locality looked like.

Streets were deserted, shops shut up and only a few steel helmeted soldiers kept guard against violators of law and peace.

NO MOLESTATION OF EVACUEES' WARNS MAHATMA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 21. (API.): Addressing the prayer gathering this evening. Mahama Gandhi said that so long as he had breath in his body, he would continue to advise against any idea of banishing all Muslims from India. He said: "it is sheer madness to think that four crores and a half could be wiped out or banished to Paksitan".

Mahatma Gandhi was referring to a suggestion made by a newspaper. This, he warned, was advice to commit national suicide and to uproot Hindusim. The world which, up till now, had looked up to India would certainly cease to do so. In any event, Mahatma Gandhi would continue to advise against it, so long as he had breath in his body.

Mahatma Gandhi also said that those Hindus and Sikhs who molested the Muslim evacuees returning to their homes would discredit their religion and do irreparable harm to India.

TODDY SHOPS TO BE TEA STALLS!

MADRAS, Sept. 21. (API): The Government have decided to convert all toddy shops in Prohibition districts into tea and refreshment stalls.

They have proposed to start about 1900 such stalls at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,90,000.

KRIPALANI MEETS JINNAH

KARACHI September 21. (A.P.I.): "A meeting between Acharya J. B. Kripalani, President of the Indian National Congress and Quaid-i-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah, which was held at Government House this evening, lasted for about an hour and there was a friendly and frank discussion surveying the present situation in both the dominons", stated a press "communique" issued from Government House tonight.

The "communique" added: "in the light of these discussions the present terrible situation may be handled so as to put an end to the madness that has gone on for some time.

"Acharya Kripalani drew the attention of Quaid-i-Azam to certain difficulties that local Hindus were suffering from. The Quaid-i-Azam assurel him that he will look into them and do all he could but it will help him very much indeed if similar efforts were made in the dominion of India".

Gandhiji Respects Solitary "Objector"

NEW DELHI, Sept. 21. (API): Mahatma Gandhi did not hold his public prayers this evening as one person in the congregation objected to the recitation of Al Fateha (Quran).

Mahatma Gandhi said he would not argue with the objector. He realised the anger that was raging in people's hearts today. The atmosphere was so surcharged that he though it right to respect even one objector, but this by no means, he emphasised, meant that he gave up God or his worship in his heart. Prayer demanded a pure atmosphere.

Sir Sultan Ahmed For India-Nizam Govt. Talks

HYDERABAD, Sept. 21 (API).—Sir Sultan Ahmed, Constitutional Adviser to the Chamber of Princes, it is understood, will, on behalf of Hyderabad State, participate in the discussions between representatives of the Nizam's Government and the Government of India on future relations between the two Governments.

Mr. A. P. SABAWALA, Mayor of Bombay, inaugurating the centenary celebrations of Dr. Anne Besant at the Blavatsky Lodge on Saturday.

Ordinance For Public Safety In Sind

Whipping For Possession Of Unauthorised Weapons

PRECENSORSHIP OF NEWS ON COMMUNAL DISORDERS

KARACHI, Sept. 21, (A.P.I.): The Sind Public Safety Ordinance was issued today by the Sind Governor, Mr. Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah.

The Ordninance empowers the provincial Government to detain for six months without trial any person suspected of disturbing the peace.

The District Magistrate can detain persons for a fortnight. Additional powers have been given to the District Magistrate to deal with any emergent situation. It provides sentence of whipping for being in possession of unauthorised weapons.

The Provincial Government is also empowered to prevent persons from leaving services essential for the maintenance of the life of the community. These essential services include Government Service, Public Utility concerns, Municipal Services, Railways and Port Trust services.

The Sind Public Safety Ordinance also restricts dissemination of alarmist news and imposes precensorship on news concerning communal disorders.

The ordinance is enforced with immediate effect and is applicable to the entire province of Sind.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 21 (API).—Maj. Arthur Valentine Ousby, a British officer of the First Battalion of the Sikh Regiment, was shot dead in Rewari, about 40 miles south-west of Delhi, on the night of September 9-10.

A military spokesman said today that Maj. Ousby challenged a number of curfew-breakers before he entered the town, and when he went to a Mohalla five shots were fired at him by some assailants and Maj. Ousby fell dead. His body and belongings were brought back to Headquarters.

A court of enquiry is now in session.

HAND-TO-HAND FIGHT

A military spokesman today estimated the number of troops in the Delhi area at between 5,000 and 6,000 to deal with the situation.

Referring to the situation in the Punjab, the spokesman said that attacks had been fewer in number according to the latest reports.

He however, stated that troops were now getting involved with attackers to a far greater extent than before. Formerly troops were able to beat off attackers from a distance but a case of hand-to-hand fighting had been reported three miles south-east of Ludhiana. A train was stopped by an armed gang. They set fire to two bogeys. The train escort fought the gang for 45 minutes.

The officer commanding the detachment and three other ranks were injured. Among the passengers 12 were killed, 37 injured and 40 missing. The train proceeded to Jullundur and from there to Lahore. The wounded were taken to the Indian Military Hospital in Jullundur.

REFUGEES ON MARCH

The movement of 50,000 Muslim refugees in the Amritsar area was going quite well. There were a few incidents of shooting at the convoy by curfew-breakers. Six of the curfew-breakers were killed and 37 wounded by our troops. Twelve of the refugees were killed.

In Rohtak District, many persons were arrested for loitering with arms in their possession. Fifteen thousand refugees are awaiting evacuation to Pakistan from this district.

A platoon of troops encountered a mob of 400 near a village 16 miles south-west of Karnal. The gang fired on the troops, who returned the fire, killing four and wounding three.

In Qadian, 1,600 refugees who had reached the town from other places were evacuated to Lahore in lorries.

A caravan of 45,000 Muslim refugees passed through Gurdaspur town yesterday.

The movement of Muslim refugees continues in Amritsar and the Indian portion of Lahore district. Twenty thousand Muslims refugees are moving across the Beas bridge to Kilchian. More refugees are being ferried from Taran to the Amritsar camp. All of them will move west by the Grand Trunk Road.

The westward movement of refugees continues in Hoshiarpur and Jullundur districts.

FLOODS OBSTRUCTING REFUGEES

In Ferozepur District, floods are hampering the efforts to move Muslim refugee concentration in Zira Tehsil.

In West Punjab, a refugee convoy was attacked seven miles north-west of Sialkot by a gang. The escort fired a few rounds at the gang. Casualties are not known.

In Lahore District, one person was shot dead.

A refugee special train was fired at Lahore railway station. Twenty-one refugees were killed and 13 injured. Seven persons were arrested.

In Multan district, refugees were attacked at Khanewal. No details are available.

IN SIND

In the Sind area, a few minor incidents are reported from Karachi, but the situation is reported to be generally quiet. Passengers were robbed in a running train between Sukkur and Jacobabad. A man and a woman were thrown out of a running train. A traffic inspector was shot and robbed on September 18 in a running train between Shahdapur and Tando Allahyar. Two servants in the same train, it is stated, were either thrown out or jumped out. Confirmation is awaited.

THEY SWEEP TOWN

In Sukkur city, members of the Rashtriya Sewa Dal and Muslim National Guards are stated to be sweeping the city as the sweepers have migrated.

The situation in Dehra Dun was undr control. The city was reported quiet but there were reports of refugees attacking neighbouring villages. Troops had been sent to watch the refugee camps.

EVACUEES RETURN

In Meerut, persons, who had left their villages are returning.

Some attacks on a running train were reported from Ghaziabad. Three arrests were made.

Muslims were leaving some villages in Jwalapur. Three thousand of them from Jwalapur town had moved to a "Sarai" near the police station. One hundred and one looters had been arrested.

Casualties had been reported from incidents which occurred a few days ago in Bulandshahr.

Police fired on the looters on a goods train at Muttra.

In Delhi, arms and ammunition were recovered from Nizamuddin village.

Eight cholera deaths are reported from a camp in Bahadurgarh.

The general situation throughout the District had improved during the last 24 hours.

No incidents had been reported from Ambala.

The total number of refugees in Ambala city and Cantonment is 100,000.

A girl, resident of Hasanpur, was recovered and handed over to relatives at Palwal.

MEO MUSLIMS NOT TO LEAVE HOMES

A few more weapons were surrendered by some Muslims to Mahatma Gandhi this morning. These include two swords, one kukri and two daggers.

The Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh called on Mahatma Gandhi this morning.

Lord and Lady Mountbatten, Pandit Nehru, Sardar Patel, the Commander-in-Chief, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Miss Maniben Patel and others made an aerial trip this morning over East and West Punjab and returned here at twelve noon.

It is believed Raj Kumari Amrit Kaur gave an account of the flight to Mahatma Gandhi.

A number of Meo Muslims of East Punjab waited on Mahatma Gandhi. It is learnt they told Mahatma Gandhi that they would not like to leave their homes. Mahatma Gandhi is reported to have advised them not to leave their homes.

About rupees twelve lakhs worth of rationed articles were provided on credit to the ration shops through Government trucks during the first few days of the disturbances in the capital.

AIRCRAFT DISTRIBUTE CHAPPATIS TO REFUGEES

NEW DELHI, Sept. 21 (API).—Flying on a mercy mission two R.I.A.F. aircraft took off from Palam Aerodrome at 8 this morning on "operation chappati" carrying 125

(Continued on Page 5.)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE
APPOINTMENT OF LABOUR OFFICER

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Labour Officer, Bombay Municipality on Rs. 500-25-750-50-1000 plus 120 Conveyance Allowance plus Temporary increase (20%) plus Dearness Allowance. The applicant should be a native of the Province of Bombay or should have at the time of appointment a domicile in the Province of Bombay or in an Indian State lying within the geographical limits of the Province of Bombay and must be

(a) at least an Honours graduate of the Bombay University or any other recognised University with at least 5 years' experience of labour conditions. (The holding of a diploma of the Tata Institute of Social Science will be considered as an additional qualification).

(b) He who speaks Marathi, Gujarati and Hindi (Hindustani) fluently, would be preferred. But he must speak at least one of these languages fluently and should pass an examination in either of the other two languages within 18 months of his appointment.

The selected candidate will be amenable to Municipal Service Regulations and the revised leave regulations as at present in force or as may be amended from time to time hereafter as regards pay, allowances, leave, etc., and will be entitled to the benefits of the Provident Fund under the Municipal Provident Fund Regulations in force from time to time.

He will be appointed on 18 months' probation in the first instance. Thereafter the appointment will be made on a 5 years' contract basis on approved service, subject to the production of a physical fitness certificate from the Municipal Medical Examiner. The appointment may be renewed from time to time on his services being found satisfactory.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications and experience, and accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness should be made on a prescribed form to be obtained from the Office of the undersigned on payment of annas 8 so as to reach him on or before 20th October, 1947. The application should be sent in a registered envelope superscribed 'Application for the post of Labour Officer'.

Persons in Municipal Service are eligible to apply. Persons in Government or other employ should submit their applications through their respective Superiors. Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the applicant.

B. K. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Offices,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
5301

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF THE FACTORY at TARDEO KNOWN AS SCIENTIFIC AND ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE CO., TOGETHER WITH ITS GOODWILL AS A GOING CONCERN.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver in Suit No. 2113 of 1946, (K. A. Raman vs. G. R. Krishnan and others), and Suit No. 2474 of 1946 (The Discount Bank of India vs. G. R. Krishnan and others), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will TODAY, MONDAY, the 22nd September, 1947, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises at Tardeo, Sonavala Compound (Old Madhavji Compound) opposite Parsee Hoonersala:

The factory known as Scientific and Electrical Appliance Co., including the Plant, machinery goods in process, stores, spare parts and other things together with its goodwill as a going concern in one lot.

Terms: 25 per cent Cash. Cheque will not be accepted.

AUCTION SALE OF SURPLUS STORES.

Under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay, M/s. BENNETT & CO. will on TUESDAY, 30th inst. at 10 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at E.S.D. Kurla, near Ghatkopar Station, lead and C. I. pipings, batteries, rubber rings, brass and corrugated sheets, washers, grummets, insulator reels, copper tubing, copper bars, clamps, blow pipes, circuit breaker, hook camouflage nets, etc. Terms: 25% Cash Deposit. Balance and Sales Tax in 7 days, delivery in 21 days, if not goods and money will be forfeited. On view on 29th.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY AT DHOBI TALAO, OPPOSITE WADIAJI'S FIRE TEMPLE.

Under instructions from M/s. Mehta Laljee & Co., Attorneys for the Transferees of Mortgage and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Mr. Byramshaw Maneckshaw Sukhadvala and in exercise of the Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage dated the 22nd June, 1945, M/s. BENNETT & CO. will on WEDNESDAY, 8th October, 1947 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

Piece of land with four storied dwelling house at Girgaum Road, admeasuring about 359 sq. yards, bearing street Nos. 607 & 607 A and bounded on the North by the property of Homusji L. Gorakpurwala, on the South by the property of Mr. Dhabhwala, on the East by Improvement Trust Road and on the West by Girgaum Breach Candy Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/s. Mehta Laljee & Co., Solicitors at 24, Oak Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of about 26 Tons Strawboard Special .048 thick for Discs of 30" on SATURDAY, 27th inst. at 10 a.m. (S.T.) at "B" Warehouse, Alexandra Docks, under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay.

Terms: 25% cash deposit, balance within 7 days and delivery within 21 days otherwise money and goods will be forfeited.

AUCTION SALE of Large Lots of Photographic Materials such as Koda trace, Film Sheets, Film X Inductrex Kodak, Crystallex, Negative Papers, Plates etc. on TUESDAY, 23rd inst. at 10 a.m. (S.T.) at C. K. S. Central Depot, Sewri under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay.

Terms: 25% cash deposit, balance in 7 days delivery in 21 days, otherwise money and goods will be forfeited.

AUCTION SALE of about 500 Gallons 5% Tyco Brand D.D.T. Eng. Make, in original 1 Gl. ½ gl. 1 Pint and ½ Pint packing, (useful for Cholera, Malaria and Typhoid) on FRIDAY, 26th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at our Auction Rooms at 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay under instructions from the Agents for M/s. The Tyco Manufacturers. Samples on view.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE of Hillman motor car No. BYF 1697, by order of The Official Assignee of Bombay, Assignee of Insolvent Tribhuvandas Anandji on TUESDAY 23rd inst., at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at garage No. 36, Tulsi Bhuwan, 11th Lane, Khetwadi.

CRAWFORD & CO.

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Chandarana Bags Triple Crown In B.P. Table-Tennis

Mrs. Cama Triumphant In Women's Singles Event

BOMBAY, Sunday.—That two champions do not necessarily make a great match was proved once again, when, Chandarana and Shivaraman met this evening in the final of the Bombay Presidency Table Tennis.

Neither player was anywhere near his usual self and the final scores were utterly irrelevant. Playing below their class, both Shivaraman and Chandarana made so many mistakes that might have been eliminated by any ceded player in the 5th or 6th round. In the final analysis the man who made fewer mistakes won. Chandarana displayed a good defence against the comparatively mediocre attack of his adversary and might even have won the match in such a fashion. But the prevailing premonition that Shivaraman might return to devastating form and leave him little time to defend made Chandarana often attempt hazardous counter-attacks that paid him but indifferently. Often, indeed, he was much too far away from the ball to be able to hit, anything, he nevertheless attempted to do the impossible with inevitable results. Shivaraman also suffered from the same complex and his eagerness to make no mistake led him to commit many. He bagged the first set easily, largely due to the apparent nervousness of Chandarana, lapsed badly in the second and lost a good lead in both the third and fourth games. A draw would have been a truer index of the match.

Later in the evening Chandarana proceeded to lay the third remaining title by accounting for Ghose and Chatterji in straight games with the help of Shivaraman. The winners played for better and neither the consistent Ghose nor the acrobater Chatterji had much of a chance against their international rivals.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

In the final of the women's singles event, Mrs. Cama beat Mrs. Nasikwalla in the fifth game which was halted at 18-16 in favour of the winner after 20 minutes had elapsed since its start. The match was characterised by the strong defence of the loser and her persistence in returning everything on the loser's back-hand. Mrs. Cama on the other hand was content to play her rival at her own game instead of forcing the pace. She has still to learn to use her feet as she kept them immobile during long periods of rallies. One such crossed the net 192 times before the point was decided. The match took exactly an hour and a half.

Thackersey won a convincing victory over Jacob in the finals of the juniors' event. What the contestants lacked in height they made up in zeal and enthusiasm.

The following are the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES (final)— U. M. Chandarana beat Shivaraman 13-21, 21-12, 23-21 and 21-18.

LADIES SINGLES (final)—Mrs. Cama beat Mrs. Nasikwalla 21-16, 19-21, 15-21, 21-17 and 18-16 (time limit).

MEN'S DOUBLES (final)—U. M. Chandarana and Shivaraman beat Ghose and Chatterji 21-19, 21-13 and 21-13.

JUNIOR'S SINGLES (final)—Thackersey beat Jacob 21-12, 21-14.

Allahabad 'Varsity Wins

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 21 (API).—The Allahabad University eleven won the finals of the All-India Chesney Memorial Football Tournament, defeating the Bengal Athletic Association, Cawnpore, by one goal last evening.

SAMTHAR POLICE OPEN FIRE ON PRAJAMANDAL WORKERS

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE CITY, Sept. 19.

Firing was resorted to on a gathering of Praja Mandal workers and supporters by the State Police at Samthar State in Central India, injuring nine, says a telegram received here at the Office of the Central India Regional States' People's Conference.

The Praja Mandal Minister in the State Cabinet of Samthar, Mr. Prem Narayan Tiwari has resigned from the Cabinet in protest and individual satyagraha has been started in the State. Detailed reports are awaited.

Schools & Colleges Closed In Mysore

BANGALORE, Sept. 21 (API).—All the schools and colleges in the State will remain closed till after the Dusserah Holidays owing to continued disturbed conditions in the State, it was officially announced today. These institutions had been closed since Sept. 4 and were to reopen tomorrow.

Mysore Ban On Madras Dailies

BANGALORE, Sept. 21 (API): The Government of Mysore have banned the entry of the two Madras Dailies—"The Dinamani" and "The Indian Express"—into the whole of Mysore State. Seizure of the copies of these Dailies, wherever found, has also been ordered.

Sports Notes From London

(From Our Correspondent)

London (By Air Mail).

A sports 'envoy' is coming from Karachi in connection with Pakistan's participation in Olympic sports. It should not be difficult for the envoy to achieve his objective. But it would have been better if India and Pakistan had sent a joint team. United they may be able to annex some honours. Divided, there may be no prizes either for India or Pakistan. However, now that Pakistan has decided to send its own team, one must wish the baby Dominion all luck. Burma has been invited to the Olympic games. It is not unlikely that she will accept the invitation. But she is not very well off in the world of sports. However her presence at this international festival will be greeted by everyone. It is believed over 5,000 competitors will take part in the games.

WOMEN AND OLYMPIC GAMES.

More than a dozen countries are sending a goodly number of women competitors. It is expected that about 128 girls will take part in Athletics, 122 in swimming and more than forty in fencing. The appearance of women is not an innovation. They appeared at Amsterdam, Berlin and Paris. Their first contests in track and field events were at Amsterdam in 1928. In swimming they have an earlier history, going back to the Stockholm Games of 1912. They first appeared on the fencing pistes in 1924.

CRICKET SEASON

The cricket season just ended is considered the best within living memory. Beautiful weather and an improved point system combined to make county championship a feast of skill and daring. Middlesex annexed the championship and very deservedly so. Compton and Edrich's performances put the cricket fans at ease that the tradition of Grace, Jessop and Wooley were not dead even in these days of disappointments. The disappearance of Jack Martin, the Kent fast bowler, from first class cricket this season, set the tongues wagging. The truth is that Martin is troubled by arm injury and is not in a position to bowl at his fastest pace. He is having electrical treatment and it is hoped he will stage a come-back next season.

ADVENT OF POLES.

Many Poles have been signed by soccer clubs in Scotland. So far there is no shout against their enlistment. The names of many Poles are just so many tongue-twisters to the people. But the managers trust to the ingenuity of fans, too, give them slick shor nicknames. The demand of ace football players that they should be included in the first team in all cases is causing a headache to clubs. The clubs insist that in the selection of players their form must be considered. But this argument has so far not carried conviction with the players. In fact, there is a suggestion that future contacts should guarantee the player a place in the first team for two years.

PART-TIME CONTROVERSY

The part-time v. full-time controversy has not abated. The cases of the managers is that if the quality of the play is to be maintained there should be full time training and playing. The case of part-timewallahs is that in view of the Government appeal for man-power in industry they cannot give up their jobs in industry, in order to turn professional. In fact many players have refused full-time attractive playing job offers. It is quite likely that sooner or later the rule about full-time training will have to be relaxed.

ST. LEGER.

The last of the season's triple-crown classic race will be run at Doncaster on September 13. The Aga Khan's Migoli heads sixteen acceptors. Among the other candidates are Derby-winner, Pearl Drive, Gaekwar's Sayajirao. The biggest names missing from the list are Tudor Minstrel. King George's Blue Train and Petition, the wonder horses of last year. The appearance of the name of Habiba, an Irish filly that has never won a race, caused a surprise. But it is believed that Habiba has been included in mistake. The acceptors ensure a fair sized field.

COME-BACK OF OLD TIMERS—

The world of sport does not believe in resurrection. But what is happening on the Continent, specially in boxing, shows the erroneousness of this theory. Old timers seen to be rising from their sportive graves. And mind you it is not their ghosts you see. They are real things quite capable of accounting for themselves Van Klaveren, who was Olympic champion twenty years ago, is again in the ring. Blond blue-eyed former heavy weight champion, is winning laurels in Berlin.

Indian Team To Fly To Australia On October 7

CALCUTTA, Sept. 21 (API).—The Indian Cricket team to Australia will fly from Calcutta direct to Perth on October 7.

Except V. M. Merchant, who is unable to make the trip owing to illness, all other members selected for the tour are available, and the Board of Control for Cricket in India officially announce that all of them are making the trip. They will fly by the same plane.

The first match against West Australia will begin on October 17. It has not been possible to work out the proposal to fit in a short programme for the team in New Zealand. The team will return by steamer and provisional passages have been booked by s.s. "Stratheden" leaving Freemantle towards the end of February.

Announcing this, the Honorary Secretary of the Indian Board states that everything for the tour has now been finalised.

The Indian Board have agreed to the itinerary prepared by the Australian Board for the tour. In regard to playing conditions, the Australian Board made a suggestion that the whole of the ticket may be entirely covered upto the commencement of any Test match. After the actual commencement of play, the ground may be again protected when necessary and shall be protected every night during the continuation of a match but the covering shall be removed each morning, if fine, at 7 o'clock. The covering, after the commencement of a match must not protect a larger area than 18 ft. by 12 ft. at each end and must not protect more than 3 ft. 6 inches in front of the popping crease.

In regard to other matches, the Australian Board suggested that after the commencement of a match the wicket should be entirely protected against rain and should be wholly covered at the termination of each day's play. Such covering shall remain in position until 7 a.m. The following morning, when it shall be removed if the weather is fine.

In regard to these suggestions the Indian Board has informed the Australian Board that it is not in favour of these suggestions.

The Indian Board is of opinion that there must not be any deviation or departure from the laws of the game as issued by the M.C.C.

The Indian Board, however, has agreed to all other proposed playing conditions submitted by the Australian Board.

DRAWERS AND WARPERS' GRIEVANCES

S. G. Patkar, General Secretary, Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag) in the course of a statement in connection with the impending General strike of 3,500 Drawers and 6,000 warpers in the textile mills in Bombay says:—

"Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Labour has released to the press, a statement which appears to be the gist of his advice to the workers' deputation. My Union does not want to say or do anything which would ever remotely impair the chances of a settlement. But I would like to clarify certain points:

Firstly the impending strike is not confined only to 3,500 drawers. Six thousand warpers from all the mills have also decided to go on strike if their grievances are not amicably settled before 23rd September. Thousands of other workers from the winding, frame, weaving, dyeing, bleaching and other department are extremely agitated because of the injustice done to them by the award and they look upon the struggle of the ten thousand drawers and warpers as their own. They have already submitted their grievances to the Standardisation Committee and they are alarmed by the breakdown of the negotiations. It is clear that on 23rd if the strike comes, it will be not only of the drawers and the warpers but also that of all the textile workers in the city.

Immediately after the publication of the Award, our Union sounded a grave note of warning about the dissatisfaction that was likely to be caused by the unjust Award. The Award while granting certain increases to the workers, suffered from major defects. It actually cut from the wages in many important departments, while it granted a very meagre increase to the most important department namely, the weaving. In many other departments it failed to standardise rates thus giving the opportunity to the millowners to extort more work. The Award rejected the workers' major demand for standardisation and retrenchment. Thus practically every worker had a grievance against the Award.

Six thousand warpers are also meeting the same experience and they are also being given into the same course. Thousands of workers in other departments also who were looking with high hopes to the committee, are embittered and are thinking of a way out.

We are glad that the President of the Industrial Court is taking special interest in the present dispute. Mr. Vaidya has submitted concrete proposals for the settlement of the dispute both of the drawers and the others. We earnestly hope the dispute could still be settled by the intervention of the Industrial Court. We assure the Industrial Court and Mr. Nanda that all our efforts will be directed towards securing a just settlement. We wish that the Industrial Court will succeed in persuading the millowners to revise their policy.

JAIPUR, Sept. 20 (UPI): An assurance that every protection would be afforded to the people belonging to all communities, especially the minority communities, and that their lives and properties were safe, was given by Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, Prime Minister, Jaipur State in a statement to the Press today.

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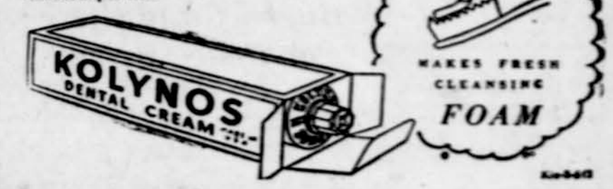

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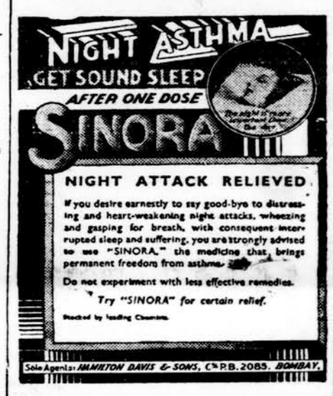
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Sunrise 6-28 a.m., Sunset 6-36 p.m.
Hightide 05-13 , 13-56, Lowtide 11-06, 22-51.

To-day's Engagements

THE YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION: Ganesh Utsav lecture by Principal Tejasingh of Khalsa College today. at 6-30 p.m. on "Implications of Freedom" at Brahman Sabha Hall, Charni Road, Girgaum.

COMMERCE GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION: Mr. M. A. Master, will address the Commerce Graduates on "Indian Shipping—Our Next Step" today at 6 p.m. at the Indian Merchants' Chamber Hall, Churchgate Station.

THE BOMBAY: ART SOCIETY: Exhibition of paintings by Rathin Moitra (Calcutta Group) from today to Monday 29th at the Salon (near Thackers).

BOMBAY TEXTILE TECHNICAL AND SUPERVISORY STAFF UNION: The adjourned General Meeting will be held at the Vanamali Hall, Dadar, today at 3 p.m. Shr Achyut Patwardhan will preside.

F. RUSTOMJI'S LECTURE: Today (Monday) at Mazdaznan, at 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls School Hall, Waudby Road on 'Life, Death and Beyond from the Zoroastrian point of view".

AT YOU TODAY: Debate with Judean Club, Subject "Intrusion of women in Public Life is a Menace to Soviety" at Cama Oriental Institute's Library Hall at 6-15 p.m. today (Monday) Judean Club will lead the proposition.

INDO-BRITISH GOODWILL AND CULTURAL MISSION AT BOMBAY: To-day at 1 p.m. lunch at 25, Pedder Road with Mr. Dinshaw Adenwalla; at 7 p.m. cocktail party at Taj Mahal by International Service Committee of Rotary Club, at 8-30 p.m. Dinner at Mr. D. M. Daru's, Khar.

THE SOCIALIST PARTY (BOMBAY): Lecture by Shri Achyut Patwardhan today in Sunderabai Hall at 6-30 p.m. on "Socialism in Europe".

THE AMBULANCE CORPS (BOMBAY NORTH): Ambulance service which was so far only restricted to day-hours has been converted as from the 15th instant into a day and night service.

SANSKAR MANDAL: Honourable N. V. Gadgil, will deliver a speech today at 4-30 p.m. in Jinnah Hall.

Sjt. Manu Subedar will also deliver a speech on "Indian Genius" at 6 p.m.

OFFICE-BEARERS OF GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY

At the annual general meeting of the Grant College Medical Society, the following were elected office-bearers for the year 1947: President: D. V. B. Desai. Vice-Presidents Dr. Framroz N. Kapadia and Rao Bahadur Chitre. Jt. Hon. Secretaries and Treasurers: Dr. H. D. Khote and Dr. V. K. Chitnis. Members of the Managing Committee: Dr. S. R. Moolgavkar, Dr. P. C. Bharucha, Dr. (Miss) J. Jhirad, Dr. P. V. Rele, Dr. S. H. Marathe, Dr. K. K. Dadachanji, Dr. D. D. Bamji Dr. P. N. Vaidya, Dr. R. S. Tirodkar and Dr. J. C. Saldhana.

B.P.C.C. JOINS IN BESANT CENTENARY CELEBRATION

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following press statement:—

The Centenary of Dr. Annie Besant First Woman President of the Indian National Congress and a great Theosophist falls on the 1st October 1947, and the Centenary Celebrations Committee which has been set up in Bombay has organised a series of meetings in different parts of the City from 20th Sept. (the anniversary of the death of Dr. Besant) to 1st October We appeal to the citizens of Bombay to pay their respectful homage to this valiant fighter for Indian's freedom by participating in these fuctions in a large number to which the B.P.C.C. has also lent its auspices.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee there will also be an Independent public meeting to observe this event on Sunday, the 28th Sept. 1947, at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.), in the People's Jinnah Hall Shri S K. Patil, will preside and prominent speakers will address the meeting.

CAWNPORE, Sept. 20 (API): Pandit Balkrishna Sharma, member of the Indian Constituent Assembly, was today wounded when a rebounded bullet grazed his legs. The bullet was accidently fired from a loaded revolver which was being cleaned. The injuries are not serious.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

MONDAY, 22nd SEPT.

244 m (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-00 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Mohamad Khan (Sitar) 8-45 Chintopant Gurav (Vocal) 9-00 Sardarbai Karadgekar (Vocal) 12-00 p.m. Bahnon ke Liye 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Mixed Melodies 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Hour 4-20 Sham Devre (Vocal) 4-50 Ghazal 5-00 Mohammad Khan (Sitar) 5-15 P. B. Nippanikar (Vocal) 5-45 Topic of the Day 5-55 Locals 6-00 News (E) 6-10 News (K) 6-15 Chintopant Gurav (Vocal) 6-30 N. Jekisondas and Party (Vocal) 6-45 Sheikh Chand (Nagpur) 7-00 Chintopant Gurav (Vocal) 7-15 Mohammand Khan (Sitar) 7-30 Antar Rashtriya Kayado-Ek: Brahma ke Jaruriat (G) 7-45 Bhavgeeten 8-00 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Hori and Dhamar in Kafi 9-00 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Scientific Invention is our Ultimate Extinction 10-15 Sardarbai Karadgekar.

41.44 m (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Gujaratno Sangeet 6-15 to 7-15 p.m. Rural Listeners.

61.48 m (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-00 N. Jekisondas (Vocal) 8-15 Sheikh Chand (Nagpur) 9-00 P. B. Nippanikar 9-30 Gujarati Geet (Vocal) 10-15 John Sequeira (Baritone) 10-25 Boston Sym. Orch. 10-35 Johnny Ferdis and quartette.

Mr. M. A. MASTER, President of the Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industry, is seen speaking on "India at International Conferences" on last Saturday at the Convocation Hall, under the auspices of the B.V. School of Economics and Sociology.

DOCKERS LED BY REDS RESUME

Allegations Against Union President

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The strike of the workers of the H. M. I. Dockyard, Bombay, which continued for the last two months under Communist leadership, defying the decision of the Union President, Mr. Daji Kambli terminating the strike on September 13, was officially called off today and workers will report for duty from Monday.

This decision was taken at a mammoth meeting of the workers held this evening under the presidentship of Mr. Samuel Augustine, Vice-President of the Union. The meeting held the view that the position of the strike had become critical" on account of the policy pursued by the police against the strikers and the disturbed political conditions in the country," and as such to continue the strike would be detrimental to the interests of the workers.

PLEA FOR AMNESTY

The meeting requested the Government of Bombay to release all the workers who have been arrested and held up in prison in connection with the strike.

Accusing Mr. Daji Kambli, the Union president, of carrying on "disruptive and strike-breaking activities," the meeting recommended to the Union his removal from the presidentship and debarring him from becoming a member of the Union.

It may be recalled that a section of workers, numbering about 500, belonging to the rightist group reported for duty on September 13 under Mr. Kambli's advice, but the majority of the workers with Communist learnings held out defying his decision Following this development, the Dockard authorities threatened to terminate the service of those workers who failed to resume duty by September 30.

REFUGEE RELIEF WORK IN BOMBAY

The Chairman, Bombay Provincial Volunteer Board, writes:—

A meeting of the volunteers who have already enrolled themselves for refugees' relief work will be held today, at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.), at the Congress House when the necessary instructions regarding the sphere of work and duties will be given to them. Those desirous to work and so far not registered their names are also requested to attend the meeting and register their names.

RAISE IN GRANTS: As withdrawal of concession regarding the duty free supply of absolute alcohol and rectified spirit to colleges and other educational institutions for teaching and research purposes will cause considerable expenditure to the Science Departments of these institutions, Government has directed that contingent grants of Government institutions and grants-in-aid of non-Government institutions should be raised by the amount of duty that they will pay.

LOCAL BODIES TO HAVE JOINT ELECTORATES

All elections to the local bodies in the Province of Bombay will, in future, be held on the basis of joint electorates. The Government of Bombay is undertaking the necessary legislation which will be introduced in the current session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and will be given top priority. All elections to Municipalities having separate electorates and to Local Boards, due in the near future, will be postponed and the required extension of term will be given.

ANJUMAN-E-MUFIDUL YATAMA

The Secretary, A.E.M.Y. writes:—"The Anjuman-E-Mufidul Yatama and Madrasa-i-Farooqian Musjid-E-Jamil Madanpura Bombay 8 is a public Institution registered under the Societies Registration Act of 1860. It has been maintaining an orphanage providing boarding and lodging to nearly 30 Orphans and also running a primary School imparting free education to approximately 100 students for the last 28 years.

Inspite of inadequate resources and lack of financial assistance the Institution has to struggle against heavy odds to maintain its existence. It has rendered meritorious services in the cause of orphans' welfare.

The generous public are requested to come forward and assist the management in acquiring a suitable building for the above purpose. Help from every quarter of any magnitude will only strengthen the hands of its management to achieve their objective"

The First Examination under the Auditor's Certificates Rules will be held on December 10 and 11, 1947 and the Final Examination on December 9, 10 11, 1947, at 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. every day, at each of the following centres in India provided that a sufficient number of candidates present themselves for the examinations: (1) Bombay, (2) Madras, (3) Calcutta and (4) Delhi.

Loyalty To Indian Union

Nationalist Muslims' Faith In Mahatma

BOMBAY, Sept. 21.

The Joint Secretary, Federation of Nationalist Muslims Centres, Bombay, states as follows:—

"That Mahatma Gandhi alone could bring about peace and tranquility in the country and create necessary conditions for the establishment of the confidence between the communities and finally put India on the road to progress and prosperity, was the gist of the resolution adopted unanimously at a meeting of Nationalist Muslims, held on Sunday morning at Madanpura. Mr. Adam Adil, President of the Federation of the Nationalist Muslim Centres in the city, was in the chair.

The resolution further called upon the people of India to co-operate with the Mahatma fully in his great peace mission to his fullest satisfaction. The resolution severely condemned the inhuman atrocities perpetrated on the minorities in the Punjab and elsewhere.

Another resolution called upon the Musalmans of India to completely identify themselves with ideals and aspirations of the Indian Union and to strive for its safety and security. The resolution further pledged that the Nationalist Muslims would loyally stand by the Indian Union in the event of any national crisis."

Death Of Mr. S. D. Cama

The death occurred in Bombay on Saturday of Khan Saheb Sorabji Dadabhoy Cama, former Public Prosecutor of Buldhana and Akola. The deceased was a prominent advocate and was for several years President of the Bar Association. His funeral took place at Dungerwadi, Malabar Hill, on Sunday morning.

Home Guards Parade Cancelled

BOMBAY, Septeber 21. (A.P.I.): The special general parade of the Home Guards greater Bombay, called on Monday, September 22, 1947, at 6 p.m. which was to be inspected by H. E. Sir Homi Mody, Governor of Bombay, has been cancelled for unavoidable reasons.

Govt. House News

GANESHKHIND, Sept. 21. (A.P.I.): Sir Fazal and Lady Rahimtoola, Mr. D. R. Pradhan and Mr. and Mrs. V. Isvaran lunched at Government House.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Mody, attended by their personal staff, left Ganeshkhind for Bombay.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Nelson and Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Dubash have left.

EPOCH-MAKING CAREER OF MISSIONARY

Christians' Homage To Late Rt. Rev. Dr. A. M. Thoma

BOMBAY, Saturday.

A condoling resolution expressing their great sorrow and the loss suffered by the death of Rt. Rev. Dr. Abraham Mar Thoma, Metropolitan of the Mar Thoma Syrian Church, was passed at a public meeting of the Christian citizens of Bombay held at the Don Bosco High School hall on Saturday. Rt. Rev. W. Q. Lash, Bishop of Bombay presided.

Rev. T. I. Joseph, Vicar of the Orthodox Syrian Church in Bombay, speaking on the life and work of the late Bishop said that the loss was one which could hardly be replaced. His life and ministry was an epoch-making one in the history of the Mar Thoma Syrian Church. Bishop Abraham had won international distinction of being the most popular figure in religious affairs. He always but refused to mix up politic with religion out maintained that the Church should be independent of the other.

Rev. Canon Bucher, Secretary, Church Mission Society, Bombay, who spoke next said that he had intimate friendship with the late Bishop who was noted for his simple and religious life. His splendid missionary work spread all over India.

Bishop Lash said that the late Bishop Abraham had a great heart and that all Kerala looked to him as a leader.

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HEAVY RAINS IN MADRAS DECCAN

POONA, September 21. (A.P.I.): Following is the weather summary for Sunday, the 21st September, 1947:—

Thundershowers have occurred locally in Assam, Orissa, East Central India, the West Central Provinces, North Hyderabad, Malabar and the Madras Deccan and at a few stations in Bengal, Bihar, the West United Provinces, the East Punjab, East Rajputana, Gujarat, the East Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, South Hyderabad, Mysore and South-east Madras.

All-India Weather

POONA, Sunday.

Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours, total rainfall from June 1 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. on Sunday:

Ahmedabad 94 78 0 21.0 minus 6.6 Ahmednagar 90 73 0.3 13.0 minus 3.6 Allahabad 91 79 0 32.5 minus 1.1 Aurangabad 80 75 0 18.4 minus 4.0 Bangalore 77 68 0 22.9 plus 6.7 Baroda 94 78 0 14.9 Belgaum 82 69 0 32.9 minus 5.0 Benares 91 80 0 23.0 minus 10.6 Bhuj 93 75 0 9.1 minus 3.2 Bombay 89 78 T 50.5 minus 14.3 Calcutta 93 81 0 52.8 plus 8.4 Colombo 83 79 0 29.7 plus 8.5 Delhi 91 76 1.0 12.3 minus 8.9 Hyderabad (Dn.) 86 72 1.6 26.3 plus 5.6 Karachi 86 79 0 2.0 minus 4.0 Patna 90 80 0 35.9 minus 2.4 Madras 89 78 0.1 12.9 minus 0.3 Mahabaleshwar 70 62 1.0 178.7 minus 66.7 Mangalore 81 73 0 114.5 plus 7.9 Marmagao 82 77 0 103.3 plus 17.4 Nagpur 89 75 0.1 35.8 Poona 89 73 0 16.7 minus 1.2 Rajkot 91 73 0 13.2 minus 9.5 Sholapur 89 71 2.3 23.9 plus 5.6 Surat 91 79 0 19.8 minus 18.6 Trivandrum 85 64 T 38.9 plus 10.0.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

All your strength is in your union. All your danger is in your discord; Therefore be at peace hence-forward, And as brothers live together.

—LONGFELLOW.

The Bombay Chronicle

SOLEMN PLEDGES

The public in India and Pakistan alike will cordially welcome the joint statement issued by the Governments of India and Pakistan re-affirming the policy of both the Governments to create and maintain conditions in their respective Dominions in which minorities can live in security. The statement makes it clear that any conflict between the two Dominions is repugnant to both not only on moral grounds but also because such conflict must result in disaster to both. Indeed, this has been brought home to both by the disasters that have already come upon them in consequence of the disturbances during the last few weeks. The two Governments have, therefore, solemnly declared their determination not only to reduce as rapidly as possible both the area and intensity of the conflict but also to "work to the utmost of their capacity to remove the causes of conflict". Nothing less can be expected from them if they are bent upon maintaining their hard-won independence. One of the causes of conflict is statements made by responsible persons which are "either bellicose or onesided" and thus cause irritation. There are also certain influential newspapers which, as the joint statement points out, are giving publicity to "completely false reports and writing editorial matter of a highly inflammatory kind". It is encouraging that both Governments have realised the mischief done by such papers. We trust the Governments concerned will vigilantly take steps to prevent all inflammatory statements by the press or others.

One of the hardest problems of both the Governments is the ensuring of safety to the convoys of evacuees. Referring to the report of a convoy 57 miles in length Gandhiji naturally remarks that, if true, such happening, "unparalleled in the history of the world", makes him and should make all hang down their heads in shame. This is certainly no time to discuss who has done more wrong but it is time "to put a stop to this madness". But, alas, the madness seems to have possessed millions on either side and the problem of ending it is not easy. Day in and day out Gandhiji has been warning all that the present vast transfers of population are suicidal and may mean "war and eternal ruin for the country". Yet who can deny that when people feel so desperate as to leave their homes and property and seek safety elsewhere they should be given all necessary protection? But it is no easy task for any Government to guarantee safety to convoys several miles long as their magnitude itself makes them vulnerable to attacks by armed gangs. The two Governments have, therefore, rightly agreed to co-operate with each other in this matter. and seek the co-operation of the public urging them to abjure violence as that only begets violence and those participating in it "will, in effect, grievously injure their own people".

The most promising part of the joint statement is that wherein the two Governments pledge themselves not only to restore peace and order for the time being but also to "work to the utmost of their capacity to remove causes of conflict" Referring to the thousands of Hindus migrating from Sind, leaving in the aggragate crores worth of their properties, the Congress President, Acharya Kripalani pertinently remarks that they must have very real and substantial reasons for doing this and that it is for the Government and the majority community to investigate these causes and afford relief. We need hardly add that this duty to investigate root causes of conflict and remove them rests on both the Governments. The public, too, have a responsibility in the matter. As Gandhiji says. "it is the bounden duty of the majority in Pakistan as of the majority in the Union, to protect the small minority whose honour and life and property were in their hands". Let us hope the two Governments will not be long in succeeding in their resolve "to create and maintain conditions in their respective Dominions in which minorities can live in security.

Frankly Speaking

Welcome If True

It may be a sort of tentative kite-flying on the part of the British Government, but it is welcome. According to a "Reuter's" report from London, the British Cabinet has "made a qualified decision to surrender her Palestine Mandate and withdraw her 100,000 troops unless the United Nations can produce a workable plan soon". We hope the decision is not a mere threat, to be withdrawn later. Since the war of 1914-18, the British have, by their policy of betrayal of Arabs caused enough mischief and damage to the cause and interests of the Arab world. They never took any account of honest and moral principles of democracy and justice. Their answer to Arab sentiments was military might and to Arab protests a cheerful but cold-blooded defiance of them. It is no more than poetic justice that, in addition to Arab hostility, they should have earned the blood thirsty enmity of their own Frankenstein's monster and should have been paying a terrible cost in men and money for creating it. Moreover, they have been, for all their pains and agony, subjected to pressure and bullying by the United States, receiving stern orders to carry out American wishes —but at their own expense.

Partition Means War

The British, therefore, have done well to contemplate quitting even though they may not have the nonesty or sense of honour to confess their guilt and apologise to the Arabs before departing. But they mustn't change their minds. Under the leadership of the United States of America efforts are being made to get the United Nations to enforce the partion of Palestine. It is an unprincipled move. And although the Lebanese delegate's challenge to Mr. Marshall to cite the principle in the U. N. Charter, under which he would advocate the partition, is unanswerable, Mr. Marshall and a good many others would persist with their brutal and unjust proposal. If such a proposal,, or for that matter, any proposal designed to deprive Palestine of its sovereign and thousand year old Arab character is sought to be pushed through there is going to be war in the Middle East. The Arab States have made it clear enough that they will all be involved in it. And that means the entire Middle East. If friends of Zionism want such a war they will have it with disaster to themselves, too. That also is clear enough.

Bombay Leaders' Statement

On Friday, prominent leaders of Bombay representing the various political parties, communities and other interests in the city have issued what is both a reassuring statement and an appeal to the citizens. It deserves wide endorsement and support. The peace of Bombay is the most precious possession of all who live and work in the city. As the signatories point out, "Bombay is largely a business city and the lives of its peaceful citizens are intertwined with one another, irrespective of class, creed or community in the pursuit of their daily avocations." And upheaval, which is out of the ordinary disturbs the whole civic life and injures the interests of all without any discrimination, communal or sectional. That it is the concern of all to protect the peace of the city and to maintain an atmosphere of securiay is obvious.

People's Simple Duty

But there exist in Bombay, as everywhere else anti-social mischief-makers and humour-mongers. It is their activities which produce panic and also create troubles where there need be none. In a state of tension, which is the consequence of happenings not in Bombay but elsewhere and in entirely different circumstances, people fall victims to the machinations of such anti-social elements. They however, need have no fear. The representative leaders of Bombay have satisfied themselves and given their assurance to the public that Government is ready and prepared to meet any challenge to peace and security effectively and promptly. If the people do their duty, trouble can never arise, much less spread. That duty is really simple. The people shouldn't lose their heads or their sense of balance. And they should fully trust the Government and support all its measures. Fear is the only enemy. The statement of their own leaders ought to be a reassuring guarantee that they have nothing to fear. What is more, nobody to fear.

Food Crisis Again

It is a grim picture, indeed, that Mr. R. L. Gupta, Director-General of Food, Government of India, drew of the food situation in the country at the conference in Bombay on Saturday. A good part of the Kharif crops, he said, is lost owing to late rains in certain areas and floods in nine districts of the United Provinces, the prospects of imports are poor, and there has been much destruction of crops in the Punjab due to riots and the consequent migration. The result is that a serious food crisis is threatened during the next two months. We should like to know how this will affect the rations during these months. A fuller and more precise statement from the Bombay Government will also be welcome. It should suggest what measures the Government are taking to tide over the crisis and how the public can help in the matter.

INDIA MUST TAKE TO BEE-KEEPING

(BY C. N. SHIVAPURI)

Highest Medical and Scientific authorities have declared times without number that our daily food lacks necessary amount of vitamins, salts, sugar, minerals, etc. The lack of these things produces pigmy type of people lacking physical, mental, intellectual and moral strength. There was a time when India produced, physical and intellectual and spiritual giants. Indians were respected throughout, and our country wielded a very great influence in the entire World, which is proved by many old monuments which are now being unearthed in Africa, America and other countries. Some five thousand years back Indians were famous for their culture and civilization, Science and Arts and now we know how we are regarded by other people. What I personally feel is that our downfall is due to various reasons, the chief among them, being the un-balanced "diet and starvation". Both these ills can be cured by Bee-keeping, which is a sure remedy for all the ills of the world—most people will wonder and may not agree, but this is a fact. If we care to watch closely the diet of the people of the leading countries of the World to-day what do we find? The following things go to make their "diet" really useful to them.

1. Honey.
2. Milk.
3. Fruit and Vegetables.

Unfortunately in India, we lack all the 5 essentials of diet and yet India was once regarded as land literally flowing with Honey and Milk. What is the position to-day? About 90 per cent Indians have not seen good and genuine Honey, let alone using it, 80 per cent have not eaten fruit in the real sense of the word, 50 per cent may not have seen even apples, pears, peaches, Apricots, pine apple, Grape fruits, Pumelos, Plums and Vegetables like Peas, Cabbage, Tomatoes, Cauliflower, Beet root, Parsely and Parsnip, Lettuce, etc. Who is responsible for this hopeless state of affairs. Of course we Indians and only we ourselves can now help the situation and how? By *keeping Bees for Bee-keeping purposes.*

(1) These bees will give you a good lot of pure and genuine honey which will supply you and your children necessary amount of salts, minerals, vitamins and simple sugars. This pure honey will save you all from all diseases of body and mind.

(2) Bees will give you 50 per cent more fruit and vegetables by cross pollination from the same land, labour and expenses.

(3) Bees will give you 10 per cent to 15 per cent more fodder crop for your cattle and then you will have more milk.

(4) Bees will take away all your cares and worries

(5) Bee-keeping will give you mental exercise and relaxation at the same time and it can be learnt by every body.

(6) Bee-keeping can help you to save yourselves from an organised attack of Goondas and communal frenzy.

(7) Bee-keeping will render tear gassing and lathi charges unnecessary.

A certain gentleman has suggested that if sugar quota of India is increased, the communal trouble etc., will cease in no time because lack of sugar, makes one irritated and angry. I suggest that instead of sugar, if we increase the quota of honey it will serve double purpose. The communal troubles will disappear as necessary amount of simple ugars in honey will be available and then other things in honey will produce sober effect in people and then honey should be used in every large quantity as was done in the olden times.

The proof positive of the above assertion is the model State of Alwar where from His Highness Shri Sewai Maharaj Dev to the lowest man is interested in Bees and Bee-keeping and we have no communal trouble. Both the Hindus and Muslims live very amicably like brothers side by side—America, England and Russia have large scale Bee-keeping activities and hence there is no trouble in these countries. I, therefore, appeal to my countrymen to start Bee-keeping and all round success and peace will ensue and all diseases of body and mind will disappear in no time.

2 Killed, 6 Injured In Bomb Explosion

BATAVIA, Sept. 20 (Reuter): Two airmen were killed and 6 injured when a 200-pound bomb fell off the bomb rack of a Dutch Mitchell bomber and exploded inside the plane during bombing practice over Batoedjardjar, West Java, Dutch Army Authorities announced today.

Nahas Pasha Demands Immediate Withdrawal Of Br. Troops

CAIRO, Sept. 20 (Reuter): Nahas Pasha, Leader of the Wafd Party claiming to represent a majority of the Egyptian people, demanded the immediate and unconditional withdrawal of all British forces from the "Nile Valley" in a letter addressed to the British Ambassador in Cairo tonight.

LIFE IN GERMANY TODAY

(From Our Own Correspondent)
Zurich (By Air Mail).

It would perhaps be more appropriate to state of an absence of "life" in Germany to-day. Two years and four months after the war, millions in Germany are not "living" in the generally accepted sense of the term. They just exist. They keep up a dull and dreary existence with innumerable privations and tribulations. Germany to-day is a country without settled frontiers, without a sound currency, without uniform and stable laws, and without a Central Government. Even the area within the enforced, though not legally as yet fully sanctioned frontiers is sharply divided into four regions, with rigorous travel restrictions between all excepting two of them, thereby condemning many families to live separated. Germans are not allowed to travel outside; they cannot move about freely even inside their own country.

EXTENSIVE SHORTAGE AND WIDE SUFFERING

Already before the war, one of the most densely populated countries of the world, Germany, to-day with a substantially reduced territory, with her foreign trade crushed, her shipping destroyed, her industrial capacity and agricultural resources greatly diminished, and her foreign assets lost, has to support about four millions more. This at a time when the country has lost also a third of its housing accomodation and an important part of the remainder has been appropriated, often very liberally, by the victors. As a result, overcrowding is rampant. Even small households have been obliged to take a number of tenants. Hundreds of thousands still live in sheds, remains of badly battered buildings and improvised constructions of all kinds. The shortage is by no means confined to housing accomodation. It extends practically to all commodity goods, from articles of food and wear, to ones of every day need like pencils, pins, nibs and tooth-paste. There are not many things one can get easily or normally. Articles like shoe-lace, electric bulbs, tooth-brushes are not only rare, but practically impossible to have, unless you give some valued commodity in exchange or pay "black market" prices, which do not always guarantee the getting of the needed things and which in any case are outside the scope, excepting of a limited number. For purchase of a vast range of articles of daily need, people have to wait day in and day out for hours on end in queues in summer and winter. All-night queues for a variety of articles are not rare sights. In winter last, electric current was supplied in many towns, practically in the whole of the British Zone, only for an hour or two daily on an average. The fuel allowed was not sufficient to heat more than one room for a family for beyond a few hours each day. People had to sit in dark and cold rooms, often poorly clad and generally ill-fed, what certainly did not contribute much to the "democratic" education of the German people. The situation, it is felt, might not be any the better this year. Even if the coal available turns out to be more, transport is feared to cause enhanced and enormous difficulties. There is a tremendous shortage of locomotives and waggons for purposes of goods and passenger transport. The number of waggons available for transport of coal is reckoned now at 10,000 in place of 26,000 in 1936.

CHECKED ECONOMIC POSITION

German economy now suffers under serious checks. The change of the eastern frontier deprives Germany of 30% of her arable land, 35% of her total rye production and 25% of her sugar beet. Industrial output has sunk extremely low, apart from the destructions caused by the war, due to the various restrictions imposed by the victors and a policy pursued by them, involving dismantling of factories and denying of proper scope for trade. German people view with much concern a price that may be fixed to appease French fear of a development in the direction of increasing the level of German production and an American attention to secure rights over the Ruhr and the Rhineland industries.

RESTRICTED CULTURAL LIFE

Though 38 universities and higher technical institutes with a total of 77,500 students are at work to-day in Ge many, many of them are not functioning normally. Those which retain a pre-war or a pre-Hitlerite standard constitute the exception. There is lack of everything, professors, buildings, books and material of every kind. Good many of the important libraries have been destroyed. Books are not easily available. Publication of new books is very restricted. Until very recently no book was allowed to be imported. A relaxation of this regulation does not help very much, since Germans are not able to buy books abroad, owing to the weakness of the currency. Although a large number of newspapers now come out and several are less monotonous than papers in Germany were during the national socialist regime, they lack a liveliness and suffer from the want of independent news service. Culturally Germany is very much cut off from the rest of the world. Censorship regulations and restrictions of travel contribute greatly to this. Theatres and operas are now only a shadow of their former selves. The once famous German cinema industry has practically ceased to exist.

DETERIORATING HEALTH CONDITIONS

Obviously health conditions in Germany have markedly, or as German reports declare, alarmingly, deteriorated. This is but inevitable. The low food rations, bad housing conditions and diminished opportunities for medical treatment, all contribute to this. It is reckoned that deaths from tuberculosis this year in Germany will amount to 200,000. In 1939 the corresponding figure was 42,000, in 1945 it was 117,000 and last year it stood at 152,000. The number of those suffering from the illness is estimated as being 5 times the number of deaths, so that it is calculated that this year in all Germany a million will be affected by tuberculosis. At the present rate, it is viewed that in 1950 about 2,200,000 might suffer from tuberculosis and cause 400,000 deaths —"a shocking prospect for the German people", as the *Manchester Guardian* comments.

WHAT THE GERMANS THINK

What do the Germans think of the present situation and of the future? It is not easy to answer the question. And it is not correct to consider that German thoughts are all confined to problems of food and daily life. The people have recovered from a general stupor and are again alive to wider issues. No doubt, there is a sense of deep depression. Even more than the hardships, an uncertainity disturbs and weighs heavily on the people. The tendency to look to their faults and failures creating an atmosphere favourable for democratic outlook and training which existed after the collapse of Germany has received a set-back. The intentions of the victors are doubted and their actions often either resented or viewed with apathy. The victors have inspired neither strong confidence nor real respect in the German people. Germany also views with pain and regret two years after the war, still near to two million Germans kept outside as war prisoners, a quarter of a million by the British, about half a million by the French and round a million by the Russians. A wide and all-round condemnation of the German people and an apathy shown to their suffering to-day, add to disappointment and increase discontent. This in turn diminishes the feeling of repentence. It is now not fashionable to speak well for Germany or Germans as it was in circles in different countries when Hitler came to power and even for a long while after, as it well may be once again. Meanwhile a present voidness also contributes to a feeling of romantic revolt. Millions of Germans remain sore and sullen, worrying, vaguely still, how they can cease to be pawns. They have the feeling that left to themselves and with a better appreciation of their case., they still can get along the ladder once again, what is feared by the French and some others of Germany's neighbours. "Seventy millions constitute our biggest potential" declared recently the German socialist leader Dr. Scuhmacher. Seventy millions in the very centre of Europe who once formed an important and integral part of world economy now remain out of it and in a sunken state. They constitute still despite all that have happened a vigorous and virile lot, tired and depressed, but with hopes of recovery not abandoned and dreaming. And as a German poet who died abroad a short while ago put it—Nations like individuals retain the strength to live as long as they have the power to dream. Though opinion outside has gained regarding the importance of a revival of German economy for overcoming a crisis of extending nature, measures for bringing about an improvement remain held up by differences between the Powers and the feelings and passions raised by the war. Thus the misery in Germany goes on remaining and even increasing, extending its implications and strengthening international division and tension. Before long the German issue is sure to loom more before the world's political horizon.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

SAIGON, September 18: Cochin-China Council, at a special session in Saigon today, introduced a new complication in the French Indo-China dispute, when it passed a motion of 'no-confidence' in Dr. Le Van Hoach, pro-French President of Cochin-China, autonomous Republic in Indo-China, which has functioned for 18 months with French approval.—Reuter.

* * *

An interesting time of it was apparently being had the other day by students of a Kolhapur College and Comrade Jamnadas M. Mehta, who was orating to the former on the political situation.

But when, as usual, the Comrade warmed up to an attack on Congress leadership, a section of the students shouted "withdraw your remarks" and "sit down". Whereupon "Mr. Mehta", to quote the report, "said he could not be shaken by such 'hooliganism' and ended his speech abruptly."

Q.E.D.!

* * *

The organ of M. Bidault's M.R.P. party, "L'Aube", has (a) welcomed ex-Emperor Bao Dai's speech, describing it as (b) a dignified and "prudent" appeal.

This double illumination will enable even the virtually blind to see the ex-Emperor's speech clearly and in its true light.

* * *

Britain, radios Reuters Political correspondent from London, has made "a qualified decision to surrender her Palestine Mandate....."

In which case we make a qualified offer of whole-hearted appreciation of Britain's decision.

* * *

At the UNO General Assembly the Lebanese delegate, challenged Mr. Marshall to state on what United Nations principle he would base his "seal of approval on the mutilation of Palestine."

Why, on the principle of the self-determination of the Jewish nationals of Europe and of the sovereign rights of the Zionists and pro-Zionists of America.

* * *

M. Bidault, for France, "flatly rejected any proposal to give up the Great Power Veto."

As we had flatly predicted and put on record some days ago.

* * *

Then, M. Bidault warned that it was "futile and dangerous" to conceal the magnitude of the seriousness of the present crisis in which the "very life of the United Nations is at stake."

But ought one to tell a dying person that he is breathing his last?

* * *

The Soviet Ambassador, J. N. Zaroubin unexpectedly left by air for Moscow today, says a London message, dated September 20.

We are concerned, but not unexpectedly.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Government By Music

Sir,—To quote Lin Yutang the problem of peace is the problem of general education in good manners and music. When the nation is out of joint and strife is witnessed all around the need for harmony becomes all the more imperative. Music is melody and not discord and the discordant notes which we hear these days appear like a bitter quarrel between two gramophones with defective needles. Mind is a radio-set. From the great store-house of the ether the human mind is constantly attracting vibrations which harmonize with that which dominates the human mind. It is made up of both—destructive vibrations and constructive vibrations. Due to the maladjustment of the metre the radio-set is in a disturbed condition and attracts destructive vibrations. Government would do well to set the mind on the right metre so that it may carry the sound of hundreds of orchestrations of music.—Yours, etc.

ARVIND MAJMUNDAR.

Student Behaviour

Sir,—There is a class of students, in colleges, today, who are possessed with a mania for leadership. They are rude in their manners and insolent in their talk. They are bent on creating opportunities for offernig some sort of resistance and are always causing discontent.

The student community must be firmly taught that strikes, demonstrations and similar unseemly behaviour will not be tolerated.

Students must be made to realise that better service can be rendered to the community by behaving in the spirit of tolerance, co-operation and discipline.—Yours, etc.

ANGELO MOSES,
Professor of Philosophy.
Khalsa College,
Matunga, Sept. 15.

Caste Discriminations

Sir,—Through the column of your esteemed paper, I crave permission to draw the attention of the Bombay Government, Bombay Millowners' Association and the public as regards the discriminating treatment that is even these days meted out to the depressed class workers in Bombay mills.

In the mill-canteens, edibles and drinks are served over different counters and even the cups and glasses are kept separate. Also the serving at the canteen counter and in the departments is done by "Mahar" attendants for the depressed class workers. When the vendors go in the departments, at the appointed time, to serve drinks and edibles, it is very exasperating to observe the depressed-class and the caste Hindu workers sitting out in separate lots and being served only by the members of their own community.

It is high time that the Bombay Millowners' Association followed up the lead given by the Bombay Government in doing away with this discriminatory practice.—Yours etc.

SORAB DINSHAW

BOMBAY.

Throw Temples Open To Harijans

Sir,—On the 15th of August, 'Bharat was to be free and independent and so the inhabitants of 'Are' in the taluka of Guhagar performed 'Pooja-celebration' with great enthusiasm in the 'Satyanarayan Mandir' and threw the Mandir open to the Harijans on the 14th of August. Politically and socially 'Konkan' is not as much advanced as any other province in India. This bold step and action of the inhabitants of 'Are' is therefore remarkable and laudable indeed.

Bearing the example of the village of 'Are' in mind the owners of all temples throughout India should immediately throw all their temples open to the Harijans. I hope this will be brought about soon without further delay. —Yours, etc.

DASHRATH T. KANGUTKAR.
Premjee Bhuwan,
Charni Road.

Revolver For Home Guards

Sir,—It is most imperative that each Home Guard should possess a revolver towards his safety and towards the safety of the people. This should be on the strict basis as that of a Police Sergeant. In this connection, training under an expert should be expedited. There is at present a Rifle Unit, but this is not enough. A Guard when summoned for immediate duty will have to pass through a disturbed area and is likely to be attacked by a miscreant. A mere stick or a baton will not do towards his personal safety. The Home Guards Unit should be entirely on military footing so that when the country is thrown into turmoil by miscreants, the Home Guards armed with revolvers may instantly take up their posts in the disturbed areas and quell the situation.—Yours, etc.

JOS. STRESS

India's Economic Policy

Sir,—India's Economic policy should be based on: Firstly—the people's need, and Secondly—the world's condition of supply and demand.

In the first category comes the provision of food. The tremendous food shortage must be met by increasing country's agricultural production by the adoption of modern and systematic devices as used in the western countries and the construction of gigantic dams which would provide sufficient water to the lowlands for irrigation in the grain fields throughout the year. In addition to this, the dams could be a vital source of hydraulic power for electrification of the villages and towns.

The cloth shortage should be dealt with by making the strikes illegal which would be possible by providing living wages to the labourers, and thus eliminating the main cause of strikes. The Government should give facilities to private enterprises to start new mills, which would further increase our production.

Mass-literacy campaign to wipe out illiteracy by means of library movement and new up-to-date schools in every nook and corner of a town and one or more schools for every village New and improved methods of visual instructions would be of special high value in a country like ours where illiteracy is so wide-spread.

Commerce and industry could be greatly encouraged by providing facilities to the private enterprises and especially the smaller trader who may be provided by Government loans at nominal interest

In the second category comes the regulation of Imports and Exports. The volume of Imports and Exports should be increased to increase the country's prosperity by means of trade treaties with foreign countries and reduction or elimination of tariff walls, as the case may be, by mutual and reciprocal agreement. Imports and exports should be further regulated so that the exports are always slightly higher than the imports, in order to ensure the country's prosperity.

As India will soon be requiring a new coinage, it would be greatly to her advantage to adopt decimal coinage, which would facilitate the trade and the regulation of foreign exchange, since most of the progressive countries of the world are based on the decimal system which has more than proved its worth.

Both trade and cultural goodwill missions should be encouraged by the Indian Government and thus bringing the friendly countries closer to India. Thus by co-operating with India's friendly countries, India would be well-set on the road to peace and prosperity.—Yours, etc.,

"STREAMLINER".

Sweet Toddy Licences

Sir,—The world-war broke out soon after the beginning of the prohibition and during the period of war the Bhandari community endured a lot of sufferings and miseries, as 90 p.c. of the members of this community were doing the business of selling liquor-toddy.

I have, therefore, to suggest to the Government of Bombay that bearing the following things in mind they should grant sweet toddy licences to Bhandari licensees:—

(1) Government should take the possession of all plantations of coconut trees in the city of Bombay and Suburbs.

(2) They should issue one licence to a group of two to four licences.

(3) They should issue instructions to give only one bottle of toddy once in a day on the 'toddy-card' of each individual.

(4) They should supply a limited quota of sweet toddy to each licentiated shop-keeper.

(5) They should see that sweet toddy is kept in the refrigerators by the shop-keeper.

(6) They should direct to sell and to drink toddy in the shop only.

(7) They should fix the rates of sweet toddy.

(8) Toddy shops should remain close on Sundays and on Mill-pay days.

(9) Inspectors and officers should be appointed for the examination of toddy as well as of the accounts.—

U.S. To Share Radio-Isotopes For Research

Most Important Medical Research Tool Since Invention Of Microscope

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 3, (USIS): President Truman announced tonight that the United States will make radio-isotopes for medical and biological research available to users in other nations.

He said, in a telegraphic message to Dr. E. V. Cowdry, president of the fourth International Cancer Research Congress, which opened here Monday that "progress in the production of radio-isotopes by the United States Atomic Energy Commission now permits limited distribution to qualified research workers in other countries of radio-isotopes principally for medical and biological research."

Radio-isotopes are considered the most important medical research tool since the invention of the microscope. According to the U. S. Atomic Energy Commission, they can now be produced by the United States in sufficient quantity to permit the 20 most important isotopes for medical and biological research to be made available in limited amounts and at reasonable cost to foreign users.

Following is the text of the President's telegram:

"Supplementing my earlier message I want to advise you that it is now possible for the United States to take an important forward step toward greater international co-operation in the field of medical and biological research. On behalf of the people of the U. S. I am pleased to announce to the fourth International Cancer Research Congress that progress in the production of radio-isotopes by the United States Atomic Energy Commission now permits limited distributions to qualified research workers in other countries of radio-isotopes principally for medical and biological research. I know that the representatives of the United States attending the Cancer Research Congress share my hope that the open, impartial, and truly international character of medical research will carry over into the realm of other problems of world concern. The sharing by and among all nations of both the means and the results of cancer research will reduce the loss of life and human suffering from disease throughout the world."

In an earlier greeting to the delegates of the 43 nations attending the Congress, President Truman declared that their meeting "has a large significance to the United States and to the world at large from every point of view—social, economic, political and spiritual".

The Congress, sponsored by the International Union Against Cancer and the American Association for Cancer Research, has for its general purpose presentation of latest research work on cancer, including the clinical and laboratory phases. Previous sessions were held at Madrid in 1934 at Brussels in 1936, and at Atlantic City in 1939.

Distribution of radio-isotopes will be directed by the U. S. Atomic Energy Commission, it was announced.

CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Governments whose research workers request radio-isotopes from the United States must agree:

(1) To make progress reports to the AEC every six months on the results of the work with isotopes and to permit publication of the reports;

(2) To insure that the radio-isotopes are used for the purpose stated in the requests, which must be approved by the commission prior to shipment; and

(3) To permit qualified scientists irrespective of nationality to visit the institutions where the materials will be used and to obtain information freely with respect to the purposes, methods and results of such use.

U. S. laboratories and research groups have indicated their desire to have foreign scientists visit American institutions where medical and biological research with radio-isotopes is underway. The U. S. State Department has reviewed and approved the proposed distribution program for the radio-isotopes.

Each foreign government requesting radio-isotopes from the U.S. will be required to designate a representative in the United States to file requests and receive shipments, make payment with the United States, and, upon receipt of shipments, assume responsibility for safe handling in transit of the radioactive materials. Delivery will be made only in the United States.

Designated representatives, after registration with the State Department will forward their requests to the Isotopes Branch, U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Oak Ridge, Tennessee. The AEC will publish a catalogue for foreign purchasers which will include detailed instructions for ordering isotopes, price lists and precautions to insure safe handling.

Isotopes available for foreign distribution do not include any radioactive materials applicable to the development of atomic energy for military or industrial purposes. No naturally radioactive materials or isotopes of any element of higher atomic number than element 83 (bismuth) are included.

LIST OF AVAILABLE ISOTOPES

Following are the radio-isotopes available for foreign distribution and the principal fields of their use:

Antimony 122, 124, 125—Venereal and general parasitical diseases; Argon 37—respiratory functions; Arsenic 76, 77—action of insecticides, arsenic drugs and fumes; Bromine 82—action of bromine drugs (including sedatives); Calcium 45—bone and teeth formation, rickets and bone diseases; Carbon 14,—cancer, photosynthesis, biological processes; Chlorine 36—chlorine utilization by human body; Cobalt 60—cobalt utilization by animals, therapy requiring gamma radiation; Copper 64—botanical studies; Gold 198, 199—blood diseases, especially leukemia; Iodine 131—therapy in thyroid disorders, including types of thyroid cancer; Iron 55, 59—blood studies; Mercury 197, 203 205—action of mercuric drugs; Phosphorous 32—polycythemia vera, chronic leukemia, bone and teeth formation, fat and protein metabolism; Potassium 42—disease of the nervous system. Silver 108, 110, 111—drugs containing silver, radio therapy; Strontium 89—bone metabolism; Sulphur 35—amino acids and proteins, action of penicillin and sulphur-containing drugs; Sodium 24—exchange of body fluids and blood flow, principally in connection with heart malfunctions; and Zinc 65, 69—studies of action of insulin.

NEWS IN BRIEF

MADRAS, Sept. 21 (API): A Press Communique issued by the Chief Commercial Manager, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, this morning, says:—

The railways board advise that on and from midnight of Sept. 20th all passenger trains on the East Punjab Railway other than refugee specials and reduced passenger train service between Ambala and Simla has been cancelled until further orders.

UDAIPUR, Sept. 20 (API): The Maharaja of Udaipur has assented to the Mewar Arms Emergency Act which empowers the Government of Mewar to take whatever measures it thinks fit for the control of the possession of arms.

BEZWADA, Sept. 20 (API): A police inspector, said to be belonging to the Hyderabad State C.I.D. was manhandled this afternoon in Bezwada by some persons. The local police rescued him and took him to the police station, where he has been lodged to protect his person.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 20 (Reuter): Brussels today gave a tumultuous welcome to Field-Marshal Lord Montgomery, Chief of the Imperial General Staff. He went to Brussels to receive the city's own token of admiration—a diamond-studded buckle to be worn with the sash of the Order of Leopold—which was presented to him by the Burgomaster at the City Hall.

WARDHA, Sept. 20 (API): Two Sikh employees in Polgaon military camp, 20 miles from Wardha, have absconded with some arms, it is reported. The District Magistrate and the Supdt. of Police are making efforts for tracing them.

INDORE, Sept. 20 (API): Five officials and two non-officials were sworn in as Ministers of Indore State Cabinet at the State Secretariat today.

LONDON, Sept. 20 (Reuter): The Derby and the St. Leger, winner of last year "Sirborne" will not race again, but is being retired to stud where already over 100 nominations have been requested.

JAIPUR.—The result of the municipal elections of Phulera has been declared. For the 8 seats 12 candidates stood, out of whom seven were on Praja Mandal tickets and five from Independent Party. Shree Ram Niwas, M.L.C., Bansi Lal Luharia, Mool Chand Gagrani, Shanti Swaroop Jain and Mr. Nathe Khan were declared as successful candidates from the Prajamandal Party while Shree Khan Chand, Laluji and Zahir Hasan from Independent Party.

The proposed Dhahraj Cup All-India and Pakistan Hockey Tournament which was to be held in Jubbulpore from 20th October 1947 has been postponed to indefinite date due to cer-

U.K BULLION IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

LONDON, Sept. 19 (UPA). During August this year Britain imported 852,729 ounces of unrefined silver valued at 138,381 pounds sterling and exported 1,028,334 ounces valued at 223,464 pounds sterling.

Imports included: Canada, 50,740 ounces valued at 8,350 pounds sterling Belgium, 220 ounces valued at 35 pounds; United States, 476,942 ounces valued at 75,696 pounds sterling; Mexico, 324,827 valued at 51,300 pounds sterling.

Exports included: India, 250,492 ounces valued at 57,405 pounds sterling; British West Africa, 500 ounces valued at 100 pounds; Ceion, 375 ounces valued at 77 pounds, Sweden, 13,301 ounces valued at 2,479 pounds, Norway, 14,926 ounces valued at 2,285 pounds; Holland, 19,ff476 ounces valued at 1,877 pounds; Switzerland, 57,667 ounces valued at 10,074 pounds, and Egypt, 682,698 ounces valued at 149,169 pounds sterling.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, Sept. 19 (UPA.) Pepper futures closed nominally uncharged to 50 lower with no sales reported.

In the spot market, Lampong and Malabar black were offered in limited volume at 40 to 41 cents per pound. White Muntok was held unchanged at 55 cents asked. Closing prices included: September, 40.50 asked, October 41.

HIGHER PRICES FEATURE WORTH STREET

NEW YORK, Sept. 19 (UPA. Today's session of the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market was featured by higher prices for print cloth and yarn fabrics plus bag trade demand for sheetings as well as higher prices for twills. Higher prices for burlap plus uncertainty over fcture shipments from India spcrred bag trade inquiries on sheetings for the last quarter delivery.

MUSLIMS SHOULD CONDEMN BARBAROUS CARNAGE

Bihar Rehabilitation Ministers' Appeal For Peace

RANCHI, Sept. 21 (UPI): The two-nation theory of Mr. Jinnah has brought about the division of the country. Mr. Jinnah always promised to the Muslims that by the establishment of Pakistan he will bring peace and prosperity to the Muslim Nation. But what has Mr. Jinnah to say on the happenings in the country after its creation?"

This observation was made Mr Abdul Qaiyum Ansari, Rehabilitation Minister of Bihar, while addressing a large gathering of Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs in the Budha Hall yesterday. The meeting was organised under the auspices of the Bihar Santi Sangha which had done yeoman service during the last Bihar riots and whose members are at present touring Chota Nagpur for propagating the message of peace. The meeting was presided over by Mr. Devakinandan Prasad.

Continuing Mr. Ansari said: "It is now high time that the Muslims should retrace their steps. They should with one voice condemn the barbarous carnage now going on in the country and should be made to unite the country once again".

"We see today, the speaker went on, "that a Hindu or a Sikh takes pride in killing a Muslim while a Muslim takes pleasure in killing a Hindu or a Sikh in the name of religion. Does any religious book of Hindus, Sikhs or Muslims give this teaching? Is there any sense in killing innocent members of a particular community at a particular place because his co-religionists at another place have killed persons of the other community?"

The Bihar Minister further said: "Before August 15 we used to throw the blame on the Britishers but whom can we blame now? After hundreds of years' of slavery India has achieved Swaraj and it is time to work for the betterment of the country, but instead, by our own deeds we are making ourselves a laughing stock before the whole world. Only few months ago we called the Inter-Asian Conference in which we claimed that India would lead all Asian countries as she did in the past. Is that claim tenable today?"

Referring to the post-war development plan, the Minister said that the Government was today spending crores of rupees over refugees which amount could have been utilised for development schemes of the country

Concluding Mr. Ansari appealed to the audience, especially to students, to work for the maintenance of peace and betterment of the country.

MUSLIMS WILL NEVER PROVE TRAITORS TO INDIA

Prominent Delhi Leaders' Poster Appeal

NEW DELHI, Sept. 21 (UPI): Mr. Hafiz Syed Aziz Hasan Bakai, Secretary of the Muslim Relief Committee, Delhi, and Editor of the "Daily Hurriat", Mr. Aftab Ahmed Khan, a member of the Socialist Party, Mr. Ziall Huq Delhvi, Vice-President of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema, Delhi, Mr. Badruddin Ahmed, a leading merchant and a number of other prominent Muslims have issued a poster appeal which has been prominently stuck in Muslim mohallas of the Delhi City that "death in India is preferable to living in Pakistan".

The appeal condemns "the poisonous and ugly speeches made by Muslim League leaders in the past and hatred that these aroused and the barbarity and atrocities committed in the West Punjab which are a blot on humanity".

To those Muslims who had though "Pakistan as heaven and Mr. Jinnah as their God" the question had been put as to "what are they doing for those innocent Mussalmans of India who number more than the Mussalmans of Pakistan and from whom oaths were taken falsely, and what have they done for the protection of the Muslims whom Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League claim to represent. Muslims in India now declare truly and honestly that they voted for Pakistan because they were deceived and cheated and now they pledge to live peacefully in India and will never prove traitors to the Indian Union"

PEACE CAMPAIGN IN DELHI

NEW, DELHI, Sept. 21, (API): Steps to restore confidence among the Muslims in Delhi were considered by the Delhi Emergency Committee which met today with Mr. C. H. Bhabha in the Chair.

It was felt that Muslims, both those who were still in their homes and those who had taken refugee in the camps should be reassured that the Government were making increased efforts to safeguard their lives and property and would leave no stone unturned in the speedy restoration of normal life.

To this end, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, and military authorities were directed to chalk out a scheme for additional protection and more intensive patrolling, beginning with selected Muslim areas gradually widening the area with the return of confidence. The Local authorities were also asked to tour Muslim areas in the city, meet non-official leaders, both Muslim and non-Muslim, and organise with their help a peace campaign to restore confidence.

The Committee greed that the efforts already made by Mahatma Gandhi and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in this direction should be followed up vigorously. Muslims are advised not to quit their houses and the refugees are to be requested to return to their homes. Already Muslim opinion, it was pointed out, was convinced that the source of the recent trouble in the capital was not local and Muslims had themselves admitted that on numerous occasions, local Hindu population had given them protection.

The Committee decided that no additional camp should be started but that further efforts should be made to improve the existing two camps at Purana Qila and Humayun's Tomb.

DAYS OF 'GOONDAS' ARE OVER

N. V. Gadgil On Measures Taken To Restore Peace In Delhi

AHMEDABAD, September 20. (A.P.I.): "People think that *goondaism* is at a premium, but I want to assure you on behalf of the Government that the days of *goondaism* are over. Our Government is determined to see that Law and Order are restored, for without law and order progress and prosperity are not possible", said India's Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Mr. N. V. Gadgil, speaking at a reception given by Seth Vadilal Lallubhai, M.L.A., (Central), this evening.

Mr. Gadgil added: "We are firm and fair in dealing with the situation in Delhi. We shall give full protection to loyal citizens and put down disloyal citizens. We have suffered because of our conciliatory policy, not through incompetence. We accepted division as a matter of expediency in the context of the prevailing circumstances. It is for the minority community to convince us that they are loyal to the Indian State. Otherwise they should go to Pakistan. We do not stand in their way to Pakistan.

"In Delhi the problem of refugees is tough. Out of two lakhs of the minority community 1,30,000 are in refugee camps. We house them and console them. There is no malice in the mind of Sardar Patel or any of us. The safety of the State is our first concern. The tide is truning and if you give us your support and confidence we shall establish a strong and efficient Central Government to be handed over to the coming democracy".

Seth Vadilal Lallubhai urged the Minister to harness the waters of the rivers of Gujarat by constructing dams and power houses.

No Fraud On Part Of Britishers

Mr. N. V. Gadgil addressing a public meeting, tonight said that the transference of power that had taken place in the country was not a fraud on the part of the Britishers, most of whom had left India and gone either to England or Pakistan. Those Britishers who remained would also go away within a year. Though some of them like some of our Indian officers were not working as before, there was a complete change during the last fortnight. They had realised that the country had become free with power to secede from the Empire. But for us it was one thing to win freedom and another to consolidate freedom. The qualities required for destruction were of no avail for the task of construction. Freedom to be effective must have its own limitations. Direct action against the Popular Government was unthinkable when there was the constitutional method to remove it. Citizenship in the Indian Union was not based on religion.

TWO-NATION THEORY DOES IT

Mr. Gadgil added if religion made a nation, Europe would not have been torn by two wars within 25 years and the Muslims of the Middle East would have been one nation. The corollary of the two-nation theory was that minorities could not live in Pakistan. Mr. Jinnah was responsible for the confiscation of property of the minority community in West Punjab and their mass evacuation and now there was the scramble for property there.

In the Indian Union, on the other hand, citizenship was based not on religion but loyalty to the State. The State would use its force against those who were disloyal. The Congress meant to govern and would govern. Its generosity was not out of weakness but strength. The Hindu Sabha leaders who were in Delhi complimented Sardar Patel for what he was doing. If the Congress gave up its principle and accepted the ideal of a Theocratic State, it would prove fatal for the country.

Mr. Gadgil said it was not a small job in these days of rationing to feed three laks of refugees in Delhi. What they had done in Delhi would be written in letters of gold in history. Those who were loudest in demanding Pakistan were now faced with the realities of Pakistan. They could not leave suddenly their ancestral homeland and property.

India was one and indivisible. The minorities could stay in the Indian Union if they were loyal to the State, otherwise they should go to Pakistan, nothwithstanding what Mahatma Gandhi had said.

NOT AFRAID OF THREATS

Mr. Gadgil concluded: "The solution of the minority problem should be left in the hands of Government. No individual should take the law in his own hands. He should join the Home Guards, or the police or the military and act under the instruction of Government. We are not afraid of the threats of war emanating from Pakistan. We shall deal with minority problem with fairness and justice".

BELGIUM ELIMINATED IN SOCCER INTERNATIONAL MATCH

BRUSSELS, Sept. 21 (Reuter).—England beat Belgium by five goals to two in the Soccer International match at the Heysel Stadium, here, this afternoon. At half time, England were leading by three goals to one.

R. L. INTERNATIONAL

WIGAN (Lancashire), Sept. 20 (Reuter): In the Rugby League International here to-day Wales beat England by two points. The scores were: Wales 10 points; England 8 points.

ORDINANCE FOR PUBLIC SAFETY IN SIND

(Continued from Page 1)

maunds of chappatis on the first stage of their journey to 90,000 non-Muslim refugees in West Punjab and North-West Frontier Province. Arrangements are also in hand to load other planes with 125 maunds of chappatis for distribution among non-Muslim refugees in West Punjab and N.W.F. Province.

K. L. PUNJABI TO FLY TO PESHAWAR

Mr. K. L. Punjabi, Deputy High Commissioner for India in Pakistan, is flying to Peshawar tomorrow morning from where he will visit various centres to see the conditions on the spot.

A wireless transmitter and a receiving set, four maunds of lead shots, cartridges and "empties" and some counterfeit coins were seized by the police who continued their search of the Paharganj area yesterday afternoon. They were found in three deserted houses.

COLLECTIVE FINES FOLLOW EXPLOSIONS

AHMEDABAD, September 21. (A.P.I.): A collective fine of Rs. 2,500 has been imposed on the residents of four chawls and two houses in Gomatipur area where explosions took place last night.

The police carried out extensive searches, seized *dharias* and other weapons and rounded up about 125 persons. Four unexploded bombs were also recovered from that area

RENEWAL OF TROUBLE

SIMLA, September 20. (A.P.I.) A 24-curfew was imposed on certain areas following the renewal of disturbances last night when bands of armed holigans attacked some houses in certain localities. 20 casualties have been reported. There was one incident of arson, but the fire was put out before much damage could be done. Several persons have been arrested.

TWO KILLED IN MUSSOORIE

MUSSOORIE, September 20. (A.P.I.): Two persons were killed and one was injured in a communal clash last night in Luxmanpuri Area.

Members of the minority community were evacuated to refugee camps.

Sarat Bose's Garden House Searched

CALCUTTA, September 21. (A.P.I.): Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose's garden house at Rishra, about ten miles from Calcutta, was searched by a contingent of police and C. I. D. officers early this morning. The search lasted nearly two hours.

Mr. Bharat Sadhukhan, a neighbour who looked after the house, was interrogated by the C. I. D. It is stated that he was asked about the use to which the house was put and the occupation of it by Mr. Bose and members of his family. No seizure is stated to have been made.

WOMEN'S PEACE RALLY

CALCUTTA, September 21. (A.P.I.): Drawn from about 30 women's organisations in the city, over 500 girls, including a large number of Muslims, held a peace rally at Wellington Square yesterday and later paraded through one of the main thoroughfares, shouting peace and unity slogans.

DELHI-LAHORE TRAIN SERVICE SUSPENDED

On account of the temporary suspension of all passenger trains running between Delhi and Lahore on the East Punjab Railway and between Delhi and Rewari on the B. B. and C. I. metre gauge railway with a view to making the rolling stock available for the transporting refugees, it has become necessary, says a press note to give a restricted postal service to the public as shown below:—

(1) The booking of parcels, insured articles, V. P. articles, money orders and packets will remain suspended with immediate effect all over India and from all places in East and West Punjab.

(2) A Civil Aircraft will operate as daily airmail service between Delhi and Amritsar. The timings will be:

Dep. Delhi	8-30 hrs.
Arr. Amritsar	10-30 hrs.
Dep. Amritsar	14-30 hrs.
Arr. Delhi	16-30 hrs.

All articles of the unregistered mail prepaid with airmail surcnarge will be carried by this aircraft for places in Amritsar and Gurdaspur districts of the Indian Dominon.

For conveyance of unregistered articles for delivery in the rest of East Punjab special arrangements are being made with the railways to run a daily service by one of their vehicles moving on the line between Delhi and Amritsar.

Public are therefore requested kindly to co-operate with the P and T. Department at this juncture and post as few letters as possible.

ATTACK ON REFUGEE TRAIN

LAHORE, Sept. 21, (API): Excitement prevailed in Lahore today on the arrival of a refugee train from Delhi which had been attacked at the Beas railway station. 166 bodies including 59 of children and 29 of women were taken out of the train at Harbanspura, besides 106 wounded.

An excited mob attempted to hold up a non-Muslim refugee train near Moghulpura, a suburban railway station but the attack was beaten off with casualties on both sides. Another attack was attemped on the same train near Harbanspura but the timely arrival of the troops and district authorities averted an ugly situation.

The District Magistrate of Lahore, Mr. Zafrul Ahsan, has appealed to the public to remain calm and maintain peace and order in the town. The matter of safely escorting refugee thains, he stated, had been taken up on high level.

Bombay Quiet

BOMBAY, Sunday: Bombay continued to be free from incidents on Sunday, it is officially stated tonight.

EXPLOSION IN AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD. Sept. 20 (A. P. I.): Four explosions took place to-night in Gomatipur area causing slight injuries to five persons.

Women Can't Keep Their Shirts On'

Story Of Five-Hour Battle Of Boos And Cat-Calls

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

Central Hall, Westminster, where usually things are done in pin-drop silence, was converted into a fishmarket when more than one thousand women, most of whom belonging, to London's fashionable circles, gathered together to transact their 'business'. They belonged to what is called 'Housewives League' an organisation that has already shot the headlines, by its political flirtings.

The woman remained in the hall for about five hours without going out for a quick cup of tea. And what five fighting hours.

It all started with the inability to keep one's shirt on.

And on the present occasion women had come determined not to keep their shirts on. They had already split up, and it was expected that there would be a right royal battle. That was why press photographers had collected in large numbers to "shoot the ladies in action."

Disorder began when Miss Dorothy Crisp, the authoress chair-woman of the League, a slim figure in black coat, took the chair, as Mrs. Lovelock, the League's president, was not feeling up to it. Oxford Dictionary says that when a female takes the chair, she should be called chairwoman. But the League prefers to call it chairwomen 'chairman'. and the League is right for there was nothing of the gentleness and grace we have come to associate with women in chairman business. Friends of Dorothy cheered her when she took the chair. Her opponents raised counter cheers, boos and cat-calls. Men are known to raise cat-calls. But they cannot beat women. Women's cat-calls are 100 per cent cat-calls. To believe this, one had got to hear them.

CHAIRMAN FAINTS.

It was difficult to know what they were fighting for. Allegations and country-allegations were hurtling through the air. The integrity of the office-bearers was questioned, and suggestions were made of shady 'business' transactions and parties held to meet friends at the expense of the League. Allegations were denied, but it seems that the key-women had committed the indiscretion-women always do—of 'linking' up with Road Haulage Association to the extent of asking it to foot the bill of the League's rally at the Albert Hall. And office-bearers. "What are you doing with our money. You are a political schemer", were among the questions they shouted at the chairman. They even called her Hitler. (It is true a Hitler was a male. But can a woman be called Mrs. or Miss Hitler). The chief accuser was the suspended treasurer Mrs. Hart. But she denied she had been suspended. She said she had withdrawn her treasurer's slip to prevent fraud. She dramatically took out the bible and holding it aloft swore that she spoke the truth and nothing but truth. After she had spoken for half an hour she was asked to sit down. This started another storm. And now began the battle of microphone, everybody trying to grab it. In the 'melee', women were pushed about. At last the President fainted and the meeting was adjourned, but not before a vote of confidence in Miss. Dorothy Crisp had been obtained, even though the vote was hotly disputed.

Thus ended the petticoat battle. Women might not have been able to keep their shirts, But no one can say they could not keep their hats. For even though hairpins flew about, not a hat was seen to fall.

mily of nations to remain a close

MAUDE MACBRIDE'S MESSAGE TO INDIA LEAGUE

LONDON, Sept. 19 (UPA): Maude Gonne Macbride, the octagenarian Irish revolutionary, in a message to the India League today gave a warning against "the "tragedy of disunity" and exhorting Hindus, Moslems and Sikhs to follow the guidance of the "wisest man on earth" Mahatma Gandhi.

Macbride said, "My prayer is that all the peoples of India may listen to him and I think Ireland too needs his wisdom. The Mahatma spoke out against partition and I bow in homage to him. His wisdom may lead India to unity and spare her the prolonged agony of a civil war.

The message was sent to the India League in Dublin on the eve of De Valera's departure to London for consultations with Premier Attlee.

LINKING EAST AND WEST PAKISTAN WITH WIRELESS

It is learnt, efforts are being made to link the Eastern and Western parts of Pakistan with a direct wireless link. In this connection, HMPS "Oudh," a mine-sweeper allotted to Pakistan navy, has been specially sent to Chittagong to act as a wireless transmitting station there. Besides, some officers have been sent by air to Bombay who will pick-up from there some equipments and then will proceed to Chittagong.

MORE TRAINING CENTRES

In order to expand the Pakistan Navy, it is proposed to establish here at Manora island a number of training centres including schools for signals, torpedo-training, electrical and Raddar instructions and mechanical training.

CHITTAGONG PORT TO BE DEVELOPED

It is proposed to develop in the near future the port of Chittagong also as Pakistan today has only one port of Karachi. Preliminary survey work in this connection has already begun and two motor launches have been engaged specially for the purpose.

GANDHIJI'S EFFORTS TELL

NEW DELHI, Sept. 20 (API).—The surrender of some unlicensed arms by Muslims today was the first sign of response to Mahatma Gandhi's untiring efforts to restore amity between the communities in Delhi. Sikhs and Hindus were steeped in distrust against Muslims, who, they feared, possess large quantity of such arms.

Muslim leaders have been coming to Mahatma Gandhi every day and they have pledged themselves to persuade their co-religionists to surrender any unlicensed arms. Mahatma Gandhi had entrusted the Socialist leader Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia and Mahatma Gandhi's personal physician, Dr. Dinshaw Mehta to contact leaders, and representatives of various parties and communities for this purpose.

Leaflets in Urdu appealing for surrender of illegal arms have been widely distributed in the city. Sixty Muslim elders have signed the appeal.

It states: (1) We shall leave no stone unturned for effecting surrender of unlicensed arms (2) We are loyal citizens of the Indian Union (3) We shall combat all attempts not to disturb our Union (4) We expect our Government to put down all lawlessness.

Joint appeals signed by leaders of various communities have also been distributed. These bear signatures among others of Lala Deshbandhu Gupta, Maulana Ahmed Sayed, Moulana Hifzur Rahman, and Mr. Jugal Kishore Khanna, they have also condemned forcible conversion and abduction of women they have appealed for the return of abducted women.

this amount totalled £1750. Many other charges were hurled at the

U.S. BULLION IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 (UPA). The Census Bureau today announced that the U. S. imported 607,265 dollars worth of gold during the week ended August 27th, while exporting 1,779,349 dollars worth.

The exports included: Syria, 690,477; Philippines, 690, 801.

Silver imports during the same period included: Canada, 239,267 dollars; Mexico, 272,850; Salvador, 7,564; Honduras, 58,175; Nicaragua, 1,344; Peru, 110,529; Bolivia, 468,654; Chile, 20,894; and British Oceania, 4,566.

Silver exports included: Canada 12,912; Norway, 24; and Denmark 40,276.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, Sept. 19 (UPA). On the London market today, white pepper was quoted at 2/6 and black at 1/9 per pound, sellers. There were no buyers.

The previous day's prices were 2/7 and 1/11 respectively.

R

CHANGE OF RATIONED CLOTH SHOP

Cloth Registration Sheet holders in Bombay City and the Suburbs are now allowed to transfer their cloth shops and those who desire to change their rationed cloth shops should apply in the prescribed form C-18. They should obtain a certificate from the new shopkeeper on the application form that he has the necessary vacancy and should then hand over the application, together with the cloth registration counterfoil and foodgrains ration cards, at the Ward Rationing Office in whose jurisdiction the new shop is situated. The Rationing Office, after verifying all the details, will hand over the foodgrains ration cards and the counterfoil of the application to the applicant. The applicant will obtain his Cloth Registration Sheet at the new shop on the date specified on the counterfoil of the application; and from that date he can make his purchases at the new shop.

Only one change will be allowed and the last date for acceptance of forms is October 15.

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INDO-BRITISH GOODWILL AND CULTURAL MISSION

Members of the Mission photographed at a reception given by the Bombay Humanitarian League in their honour last Saturday at the Indian Merchants' Chamber.

Banish English Language Which Is Cultural Usurper

Mahatma Warns Governments And Secretariats

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 21 (API).—Under the caption "Take Care" Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's 'Harijan":

Unless the Governments and their Secretariats take care, the English language is likely to usurp the place of Hindustani. This must do infinite harm to the millions of India who would never be able to understand English. Surely, it must be quite easy for the Provincial Governments to have a staff which would carry on all transactions in the Provincial languages and the inter-provincial language, which, in my opinion, can only be Hindustani written in Nagari or Urdu script.

Every day lost in making this necessary change is so much cultural loss to the nation. The first and foremost thing is to revive the rich Provincial languages with which India is blessed. It is nothing short of mental sluggishness to plead that in our courts, in our schools and even in the Secretariats, some time, probably a few years, must lapse before the change is made.

TILL REDISTRIBUTION COMES

No doubt a little difficulty will be felt in multi-lingual Provinces, as in Bombay and Madras, until redistribution of Provinces takes place on the linguistic basis.

Provincial Governments can devise a method in order to enable the people in those Provinces to feel that they have come into their own. Nor need the Provinces wait for the Union for solving the question, whether for Inter-Provincial speech it shall be Hindustani written in either Nagri or Urdu script or mere Hindi written in Nagari. This should not detain them in making the desired reform.

It is a wholly unnecessary controversy likely to be the door through which English may enter to the eternal disgrace of India.

If the first step, that is, revival of Provincial speech in all public departments takes place immediately, that of inter-provincial speech will follow in quick succession. The Provinces will have to deal with the Centre. They dare not do so through English. If the Centre is wise enough quickly to realise that they must not tax the nation culturally for the sake of a handful of Indians who are too lazy to pick up the speech which can be easily common to the whole of India without offending any party or section.

My plea is for banishing English as cultural usurper as we successfully banished the political rule of the English usurper.

The rich English language will ever retain its natural place as the international speech of commerce and diplomacy.

Mahatma On FOUR-FOLD PLAN TO FIGHT INTOXICANTS

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 21 (API).—Under the caption "prohibition of intoxicants", Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's "Harijan":

"This is the fittest time for this reform. There is a people's Government. Both parts of India including the Indian States are ready for the reform. All over the two parts there is shortage of foodstuffs and clothing dare one think of indulging in intoxicants—drinks or drugs—when people are on the borderland of starvation and nakedness? The money spent on wines and opiates is not only a waste, but it adds to it loss of self-control. One labouring under the influence of intoxicants will do things which he will never do in a sober state. Thus from every point of view prohibition is a vital necessity.

"We cannot eradicate the evil merely by passing laws. The addict will manage to satisfy his craving anyhow. Those carrying on the black trade will not readily give it up.

Therefore the following steps will have to be taken simultaneously in order to make a success of the reform: (1) Passing of the requisite law, (2) Educating public opinion, (3) Opening at the same place as grog shops, refreshments-rooms selling harmless drinks and providing newspapers, games, etc., (d) The income from the sale of intoxicants should be spent on cultivating public opinion in favour of prohibition.

TAINTED REVENUE

It is criminal to spend the income from the sale of intoxicants on the education of the nation's children or other public services. The Government must overcome the temptation of using such revenue for nation-building purposes.

Experience has shown that the moral and physical gain of the abstainer more than makes up for the loss of this tainted revenue. If we eradicate the evil we will easily find other ways and means of increasing the nation's income.

Mahatma's Warning Against Rank Provincialism

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 21 (API).—Under the caption "Bihar for Biharis and India" Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's "Harijan":

Bihar is undoubtedly for Biharis but it is also for India. What is true of Bihar is equally true of all the Provinces in the Union. No Indian can be treated as a foreigner in Bihar as he may be treated in Pakistan of today and 'vice versa.' It is necessary to bear this difference in mind if we are to avoid difficulties and heart-burn.

Though then every Indian of the Union has a right to settle in Bihar he must not do so to oust the Biharis. If the qualification was not actively operated, it is possible to conceive such an inrush of non-Bihari Indians as to flood out the Biharis. We are thus forced to the conclusion that a non-Bihari who settles in Bihar must do so to serve Bihar, not to exploit it after the manner of our old masters.

This way of examining the proposition brings us to the question of the Zamindars and the ryots. When a non-Bihari enters Bihar for the sake of making money he will in all probability do so to exploit the ryot in league with the Zamindars. If the Zamindars really became the trustees of their Zamindari for the sake of the ryots there never could be an unholy league as has been here conceived. There is the difficult Zamindari question awaiting solution in Bihar. What one would love to see is proper impartial and satisfactory understanding between the Zamindars, big and small, the ryots and the Government so that when the law is passed it may not be a dead letter, nor need force be used against the Zamindars or the ryots. Would that all changes, some of which must be radical, take place throughout India without bloodshed and without force! So much for the new comer from the other provinces of India.

What about the services? It seems that if the Provinces are all to make equal progress in all directions the services should be largely confined to the inhabitants of the Province concerned for the sake of India as a whole. No province and no tribe or clan can be kept backward if India is to stand up erect before the world. I will never do so through its arms of which the world is sick. It must shine through its innate culture expressed in every citizen's life and in the Socialism I have recently described in these columns. That means elimination of all forces for the sake of popularizing one's doctrines or schemes. A thing which is truly popular rarely, if ever, requires force save that of public opinion to make itself acceptable to all. Therefore, the ugly scenes of violence by individuals witnessed in Bihar and Orissa and Assam should never have been. Popular Governments are functioning to redress any irregularity or encroachment by persons from other Provinces. The Provincial Governments are bound to give full protection to all the comers from outside their Provinces. "Use what you consider yours so as not to injure others." is a famous maxim of unity. It is also a grand moral code of conduct. How apposite today?

Hitherto I have dealt with the Qs of new arrivals. What of those who were on August 15 in Bihar—some in Government employment and some otherwise employed? So far as I can see they should be on the same footing as the Biharis unless they make another choice. Naturally they should not form a separate colony as if they were foreigners. "Live in Rome as the Romans do" is a sound commonsense maximum so long as it does not apply to Roman vices. The process of progressive blending must be one of rejecting the bad and absorbing the good. As a Gujarati in Bengal I must quickly absorb all that is good in Bengal and never touch that which is bad; I must ever serve Bengal, never selfishly exploit it.

The bane of our life if our exclusive Provincialism whereas my province must be co-extensive with the Indian boundary so that ultimately it extends to the boundary of the earth. Else it perishes.

Austin Answers Soviet Charge

Vyshinsky's Statement On Absolute Falsification Of American Motive

NEW YORK, Sept. 20 (Reuter): The charge that M. Vyshinsky's recent speech in the United Nations General Assembly was "an absolute falsification of American motives" was made by Senator Warren Austin, United States Representative in the Security Council, at a dinner of the American Association for the United Nations last night.

Senator Austin in the first official reaction to M. Vysinsky's speech said, "M. Vyshinsky's speech probably reached its mark, namely the people of the Soviet Union. Doubtless it frightens them into that belief that the United States intends to make an armed attack on Russia.

"In the United States the effect was the reverse of the Soviet spokesman's purpose. The intemperance of the charge, the absolute falsification of American motives and the libel of individuals and institutions discourage many Americans who consistently believed that Soviet purposes are peaceful.

"The people and Government of the United States firmly adhere to the principles and policies of the United Nations in spite of the provocation which such utterances give our people.

"We still believe that peace is the purpose of all countries".

MORE MEMBERS FOR ECONOMIC COUNCIL

FLUSHING Sept. (UPA): The Soviet's Andrei Gromyko today objected in a meeting of the General Committee to the Argentine proposal to increase the number of members of the Economic and Social Council from 18 to 24 on the grounds that nothing has hapened since the same proposal was made at the San Francisco Conference to merit such a change.

Argentina's Jose Arce replied that Argentina considers the Economic and Social Council to be the most important United Nations' organ and it should have all of the representatives possible in order to hear all of the countries interested in its activities.

The Argentine motion was accepted for the agenda by a vote of seven to four, with three abstentions.

GOVERNOR FOR TRIESTE

FLUSHING MEDOWS, Sept. 20 (Reuter): Australia today formally asked the Security Council to hold an immediate session on the question of appointing a Governor for the newly-created free territory of Trieste.

M. Andrei Gromyko (Russia), who is President of the Security Council at the moment, has the final decision whether or not to call a meeting.

ITALY'S APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

Mr. Herschel Johnson, United States Representative on the Security Council, has asked that Italy's application for Membership of the United Nations should be reconsidered at the next meeting of the Council.

DE VALERA IN PARIS

To Attend Plenary Session Of Economic Conference

PARIS, Sept. 20 (Reuter): Mr. Eamon De Valera, Eire's Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs, arrived in Paris today to attend Monday's final Plenary Session of the 16-Nation-Aid-Europe Conference.

He spent the rest of the day studying the 16-Nations' Conference Report.

Mr. DeValra had flown from London where yesterday he, and three of his Ministers, had economic discussions at 10 Downing Street, with Mr. Clement Attlee, the British Prime Minister, and Members of the British Cabinet.

An official statement issued last night said that the representatives of Britain and Eire had explored in general, terms and possibilities of dove-tailing, to their mutual advantage, plans for increasing supplies from each country to the other.

RANGOON, Sept. 20 (Reuter): Sao Shwe Thaike, leading Shan chieftain who is the President of the Burmese Constituent Assembly, is likely to be the first President of the Union of Burma.

MINISTERS PROFIT BY VALID CRITICISM

Critics Should Be Sober & Precise About facts, Says Gandhiji

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 21 (A.P.I.): Under the caption "Task Before Ministers", Mahatma Gandhi writes in to-day's "Harijan":—

"I have before me quite a number of letters fiercely criticizing what they consider to be their luxurious life. They accuse them too of favouritism, even nepotism. I know that much criticism comes from ignorance. Ministers should not be sensitive. They would take in good part even carping criticism. They would be surprised if I were to send them the letters I receive; probably, they received worse. Be that as it may, the moral I draw from them is that the critics expect much more from these chosen servants of the people than from others in the way of simplicity, courage, honesty and industry. In this matter we cannot imitate the English rulers of the past, except perhaps in industry and discipline. The whole purpose of this note will be served if on the one hand the Ministers profit by valid criticism and the critics learn to be sober and precise about their facts.

"Inaccuracy or exaggeration spoils a good case."—(On the train to Delhi).

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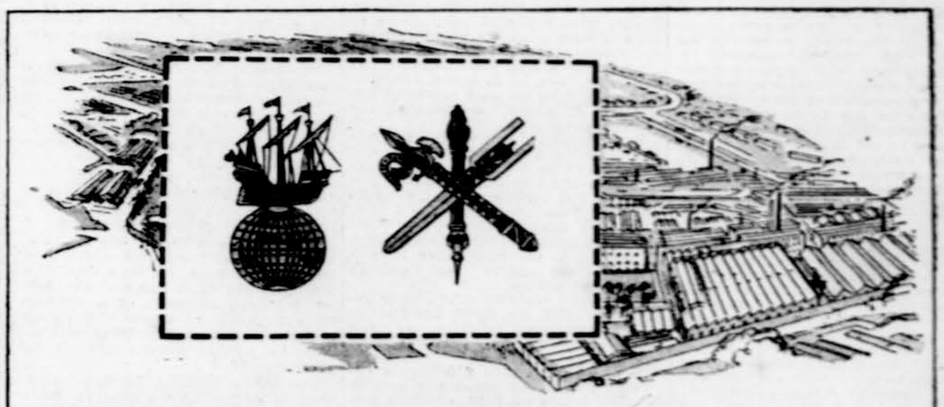

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Standing on the threshold of a new epoch, we face great changes in the India of today. The nation we envisage will be strong, united, better housed, better fed . . . *and better clad.* And the knowledge that tomorrow, as in the past, India will find ready use for the hard-wearing, attractive quality fabrics made by the Buckingham & Carnatic Mills, provides an incentive to our further progress.

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Winged Horse Causes Fountain to Flow

In ancient Greek mythology a flying horse with a stroke of his hoof caused the divine fountain Hippocrene to flow on Mount Halicon, the home of the gods. Since then the flow of the fountain has become a symbol for poetic genius. The beautiful flying horse was called Pegasus from the ancient Greek word Pege, meaning fountain.

The marketers of famous "Mobiloil" and "Mobilgas" have been using the Flying Horse as a symbol for many years.

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Delhi Tackles Unprecedented Food Situation

Special Machinery For Transport And Distribution Of Grains To 12-Lakh Population

NEW DELHI, September 20 (A.P.I.): With hardly two days supply of wheat, atta and barley and some stocks of rice, the Delhi rationing organisation was suddenly faced with the tremendous problem of feeding the 12 lack population in Delhi thrown into a turmoil occasioned by civil riots and commotion.

The Ministry of Food on the request of the Director of Civil Supplies, Delhi, rendered help in personal and organisation. The Delhi rationing organisation rapidly marshalled its resources and with the help of the transport and guards given by the military, soon brought the food situation under control.

Some trains carrying foodgrains from Bombay to Delhi were stranded on the way. The Ministry of Transport rendered assistance in locating and bringing these trains into Delhi under armed escort. Labour and transport were quickly collected and the unloading of the wagons was taken in hand.

Several refugee camps sprang up containing hundreds of refugees in some and thousands in others. The problem of supplying foodstuffs to these refugees was tackled. The whole position was that the foodgrains had to be unloaded from the railway siding. They had to be transported to the godowns. They had then to be distributed to the various retail dealers, to the hospitals, to the refugee camps and to other institutions. Very soon a proper method of distribution of food to the refugees was laid down according to which all demands were made to the Food Officer stationed in the Central Control Room at the Town Hall who was to place indents on the Delhi rationing organization for quantities to be supplied.

From September 9 to 19, 64 bags of atta, 51 of wheat, 1,107 of rice, 341 of dal, 15 of sugar, 37 of salt and 1,404 maunds of firewood have been supplied to the various refugee camps. Upto the 18th September, during a period of about one week, about 21,000 bags of foodgrains have been unloaded from the railway wagons and transported into godowns.

Three special trains consisting of 94 wagons, have been forwarded to the Delhi Flour Mill siding for grinding the wheat into atta, from where it is issued direct to the retailers, etc.

The rationed foodgrains were supplied by the rationing organisation itself in trucks at the shops of the retail dealers. 6,413 bags of rice, 2,665 bags of barley and 2,469 bags of atta, totalling to 20,328 bags, have been supplied. In addition, 317 bags of salt, 1,555 bags of sugar and 4,207 maunds of fuel have also been distributed. All the rationing circles in the city, Shahdara and Delhi Cantonment, have been covered. The retail dealers are now being encouraged to assume their normal method of taking their supplies. Supplies were also made to the hospitals, of foodgrains, sugar and fuel.

In the camp at Humayun's tomb, food officers with staff have been deputed to help in the distribution of foodstuffs. Vegetables, bread and tinned stuff are also being supplied by the Ministry of Food, to the hospitals and the refugee camps to the fullest extent of the availabilities in Delhi. Fresh stocks of dry provisions are also arriving in Delhi and will be distributed.

Under the direction of the Director of Civil Supplies, Delhi, the rationing organisation has been able to meet an unprecedented situation.

IF STUDYING—DON'T FORGET HEALTH

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LTK122

SPEND TEN LAKHS ON PUBLIC UTILITY

That Would Be Best Statue, Says Gandhiji

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 21 (A.P.I.): Under the caption "My Statue" Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's "Harijan":—

"There is a talk in Bombay of spending ten lakhs of rupees on erecting my statue on a public site. I have received several letters criticising, some even fiercely, the proposal as if I were guilty of making any such extravagant proposal! It is perhaps human nature to make a mountain out of a mole hill. Only the wise sift the grain from the chaff. In the present cases there seems to be a foundation for the criticism. I must say that I have a dislike even for being photographed; nevertheless, photographs have been taken of me. I have left artists make models more than once. Notwithstanding this inconsistency, I must dissent emphatically from any proposal to spend any money on preparing a statue of me, more especially at a time when people do not have enough food and clothing. In Bombay the beautiful insanitation regains. There is so much overcrowding that poor people are packed like sardines. Wise use of 10 lakhs of rupees will consist in its being spent on some public utility. That would be the best statue. Money thus wisely spent will make an adequate return. Imagine how many hungry mouths would be filled if the amount was spent on growing more food crops."

GENIUS & MAN OF SIMPLE HABITS

Tributes To Late Prof. Geddes

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Unveiling the portrait of Prof. Patrick Geddes a world renowned Sociologist and one time Professor of Sociology in the School of Economics and Sociology and opening an exhibition at the school on the occasion of the Silver Jubilee of the School, Justice Mr. Bhagwati paid homage to the work of Prof. Geddes.

Mr. Bhagwati said that Prof. Geddes had a heart of pure gold. He was a genius and a man of simple habits. He took personal interest in his students. Mr. Bhagwati said that he started the school and he had sown seeds which were bearing fruits today.

Prof. C. N. Vakil, Director of the School, at the outset said it was in fitness of things that Mr. Bhagwati who was one of the early students of Prof. Geddes was present to unveil his portrait.

Dr. Miss Aloo Dastur speaking on the contribution of Prof. Geddes to the science of Sociology said that he was associated with large number of social and sociological problems though he was not famous as he should have been. He was a great Sociologist and Biologist and above all a town planner. He had inspired a modern school of town design.

CHARTS & IMAGES IN EXHIBITION

The exhibition organised in connection with the celebrations contain 200 charts lent by the Administrative Intelligence Room, 100 manuscript theses prepared in the School and about 1,000 icons of Brahminical and Jain deities. The charts and maps vividly display various aspects of economic and industrial conditions of India. The charts deal with population, agriculture, industries, labour, currency and banking, trade, public finance and other allied problems. As relief to the matter of fact statistical charts, the display of 1,000 pieces of historical images in various moods, poses and gestures adds colour and life to the exhibition. The icons date from 11 to 19 century and are part of the collection of Dr. N. A. Thoothi. Reader in Sociology, in the School. They narrate the story of the evolution costume and ornaments and also throw light on progress of the manufacture of bronze in India.

The exhibition will remain open for public from 21 to 26 September (3 to 6 p.m.).

INDEPENDENCE OF INDIA, LOGICAL ISSUE

Halifax On Sincerity Of British Motives; Envisages Early Union

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20 (Reuter): A former Viceroy of India, the Earl of Halifax, asserted that the recently achieved Indepenence of India and Pakistan is "the logical and natural issue of the history of the last two centuries".

In an article in the 'Current Foreign Affairs Quarterly Review', Lord Halifax strongly defended Britain's record in India by declaring "the decision of the British Government to relinquish its control over the Government of India is no arbitrary decision reached in haste, and emphatically it is not the outcome of weakness or abandonment of any of the ideals through which the British Commonwealth of Nations has grown and for which it stands today.

"On the contrary, this decision of His Majesty's Government is the natural fruit of a century and a half of political, social and economic developments in India.

"The two world wars have but speeded up the process which has been under way for many decades".

The former Viceroy cited as one of the biggest advantages of independence "the disappearance of the age-old suspicion of British motives on the part of the Indians".

Lord Halifax claimed that both India and Pakistan "now know that in the British Government and people they have friends who will put their unrivalled political experience and their unstinted help at the service of the two Indias which are emerging."

UNION AND COMMON CITIZENSHIP

Lord Halifax expressed the sincere hope that the present partition would not continue indefinitely. "Friends of India the world over, British and Foreign alike, may well hope that both new Indias will walk together along this path (of full Autonomous Membership of the British Commonwealth of Nations). For thus they would retain, in addition to many advantages which are far from negligible, the priceless asset of common citizenship and salvage for the India of the future, a creative principle out of which other formal attributes of unity may grow"

Broach Municipal Elections Postponed

(From Our Correspondent)

BROACH, Sept. 20.

It is officially announced that the Broach Municipal elections have been postponed by special orders of the Government of Bombay. The elections will be held after joint electorate lists are prepared.

RLY. EMPLOYEES PUT OFF DEPARTURE FOR PAKISTAN:

CAWNPORE, Sept. 20 (A.P.I.): The Pakistan special train which arrived here from Moghulsarai had to be cancelled by the railway authorities as no Muslim railway employee boarded the train.

It is understood that the Muslim employees have decided to put off their departure for Pakistan.

Pledge Solemnly To Service Of Pakistan

Liaquat's Call To Muslims In Lahore

LAHORE, SEPT. 20 (API): AN APPEAL TO THE PAKISTAN MUSLIMS TO MAKE AN ALL-OUT AND CONCERTED EFFORT TO TIDE OVER THE PRESENT GRAVE SITUATION BESETTING THE COUNTRY, WAS MADE BY THE PRIME MINISTER OF PAKISTAN, MR. LIAQUAT ALI KHAN, ADDRESSING A MAMMOTH GATHERING OF 100,000 PEOPLE AT THE UNIVERSITY STADIUM THIS AFTERNOON.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan said that if Pakistan successfully passed through the present critical phase no difficulty would be too great in the future.

The Pakistan Prime Minister who returned to Lahore today after a two-day conference at Delhi said that the gruesome scenes he had witnessed in Delhi and the East Punjab beggered description. But, he added, shedding of tears would be of no avail and it was time to be up and doing.

Mr. Liaquat Ali said: Calamities do befall nations and we should strive to find ways to face them successfully. Today the problem before us is not only the consolidation of Pakistan but also to revive the glory of Islam in the sub-continent of India. And that can only be done if we pledge ourselves solemnly to the service of Pakistan. We need the services of each and every Muslim, individually and collectively and I call upon every Muslim to help Pakistan in overcoming the great difficulties before us.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan referred to the influx of Muslim refugees from the East Punjab "I am determined", he said, "to pull out every Muslim from the East Punjab and plant him properly in Pakistan". Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan strongly reprimanded the loose elements among the Muslims who had indulged in looting and pilfering and said that they were a shame to the nation and the State.

PORTUGUESE INDIA

(From A Correspondent)

DAMAN, (By Mail).

The news of the arrival at Delhi of a Delegation of the Portuguese Government, reported in a letter from "A Citizen of Daman", in your issue of the 3rd instant, premature though it turns out to be, is, nevertheless, most timely as it anticipates the views and aspirations of the people of this locality and, we daresay, of the whole of portuguese India, who are naturally anxious to know how are they going to fit into the pattern, fast being evolved, of Independent India.

While the French Government have already moved in the matter over their Indian possessions, it is a matter for regret and surprise that the Portuguese Government have not yet moved a finger over theirs, and the sooner the latter realise that there is no running away from it, the better for everybody concerned.

Once the Government of India have their hands freed of other and more important affairs that claim precedence, the question of foreign possession will inevitably be taken up.

May be all this travail, necessarily accompanying the birth of a Nation and the centuries old associations of Portuguese India with Portugal tend to give the Portuguese Government a sense of security. Whoever believes so is, we are afraid, asking for disillusion. The finger of destiny is clearly pointing to the writing on the wall and the issues involved, particularly for the people concerned, are too important to admit of evasive tactics.

Let us hope better and saner counsels will prevail and that too, very soon.

ABUNDANT RAINS

The vagaries of the monsoon gave us here an anxious time in June and July last due to the impending failure of the rice crops, our staple food. A kind Providence, however, favoured us with abundant rains in August and, though belated, the situation has considerably eased and the spectre of famine, vanished.

The papers announce the appointment of Doctor Nicolau Sobrinho to the high post of acting Chief Justice of the High Court of Portuguese India. This piece of news has been most welcome here where the Doctor spent four years as Judge of our Court and was esteemed and respected by everybody as much for his unfailing kindness to every one high and low as for his impartiality and his high sense of duty. We sincerely wish His Lordship all prosperity, which he richly deserves in his new post.

Another piece of news that has caused here widespread satisfaction among the educated section of the people, although it does not directly concern them, is the appointment of Sir Homi Modi as acting Governor of Bombay during the short absence from India of Sir John Colville. The public life of Sir Homi particularly fits him for this high post and his choice is a clear indication that, for the exercise of public functions, the Congress Government is actuated solely by motives of merit, irrespective of caste or creed.

CALL I.N.A. TO RESTORE PEACE

Ruikar Appeals To India Govt.: "Netaji's Traditions Will Prove Effective"

Mr. R. S. Ruikar, Vice-President, All-India Forward Block, in the course of the statement to the Press observes that the communal situation in the country has become appalling in Delhi, the Punjab and elsewhere. Sardar Patel has issued an appeal to demobilised soldiers to join the Indian Army and thus render help to the Government of India in the great task of restoring communal peace and harmony. Mr. Ruikar fails to understand how the Sardar ignored the glorious traditions imbibed by the I.N.A. from their leader, the immortal Netaji. The I.N.A. can claim confidence of all the communities by dint of their yeomen service to the country. Mr. Ruikar, therefore, appeals to Pundit Nehru and Sardar Patel to leave aside considerations of prestige and dignity and call upon the veteran I.N.A. to join the Indian Armed Force for bringing peace and harmony in the country.

STUDY OF INTERNATIONAL QUESTIONS

M. A. Master Suggests Special Faculty In School Of Economics

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mr. M. A. Master, President of the Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industry speaking on "India at International Conferences" at the Convocation Hall last evening said that powerful countries like England and United States did not hesitate to sacrifice the principles of international collaboration and charters to satisfy their national interests. Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla, Acting Chief Judge, presided.

He added that India should look to the national interest first as they had to make a considerable way for industrialisation and rise in standard of living.

Mr. Master stressed that they should take lively interest in International Conferences, despite preoccupation with national problems.

Making reference to the United Nations Organisation, the speaker remarked that if they were anxious to turn their dream into reality, they must struggle ceaselessly and stop exploitation.

He suggested that a special faculty for the study of international questions should be started in the School of Economics and Sociology. He made an appeal to the Government that they should give proper care in selecting the personnel of the delegation to international conferences.

Mr. Chagla paying tribute to the School of Economics and Sociology on the occasion of its Silver Jubilee, said: "As the Vice-Chancellor of the University, I am proud of the School." He added that in Prof. C. N. Vakil, the School had a competent and conscientious director.

Speaking on world affairs, Mr. Chagla opined that they could not afford to live in "splendid isolation". Till now England represented and spoke on behalf of India, but with the attainment of freedom she should take her important and proper part in international affairs.

Referring to the U.N.O. he observed that it was facing a great crisis. The world was divided into two camps, and the task before India is therefore not easy. He emphasised that India must stand for justice and fight for the cause of subject nations.

Jamia Millia Islamia

In view of the unsafe conditions of travel and the serious state of tension in Delhi it has been decided to extend the long vacations of the Jamia Millia by a fortnight. The institution of the Jamia Millia will reopen on the 1st October.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, September 20

October		31.77
December		31-42
January	nom.	31.56
March		3150
May		31.31
July	bid	30.70
Spot		32.32

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, September 20.

Sept.	2.57-1/4
Dec.	2.57-1/2
Mar.	2.58
May	2.51-1/2

London Exchanges unchanged.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Cotton opened barely steady 11 to 5 points lower, a feature being the wide range in buyers and sellers ideas of 1948 October. The market was soon dipping as accumulation of hedge offerings and commission house selling found little support with trade offtake indifferent and the speculative group intimidated by the limit decline of grain markets. Lessened fears about the possibility of extensive storm damage also contributed to early softness. After recording declines down to 40 points the market displayed some resistance. It was helped by week-end price-fixing and belief that the technical position of the market is being improved by recent easiness. Rallying in grainmarkets also contributed but liquidation and hedging reappeared towards the finish and resulted in an easy close at 25 to 38 points decline. Sales were estimated at 125,000 bales.

Britain's Adversed Trade Balance Soars High

LONDON, Sept. 19. (UPA): Britain's adverse trade balance soared to a record peace time high last month the Board of Trade announced today. The gap between exports and imports totalled 76,800,000 pounds sterling which is 12,100,000 pounds sterling above the nigh level in July.

Britain bought nearly twice as much as she exported during the past month. Imports totalled 174,600,000 pounds sterling, 9,200,000 pounds less than the July peak figure. The decline in exports lay entirely in manufactured goods which slumped to 93,600,000 pounds sterling.

The value of machinery fell 2,000,000 pounds sterling to 15,300,000 and vehicles by 3,200,000 to 13,500,000 pounds sterling. Textiles dropped 900,000 pounds sterling.

The growing adverse balance has provoked more rumours of a possible devaluation of sterling, but government sources said that Britian has no intention of reducing it within the the foreseeable future.

THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LIMITED

REFER ALL YOUR BANKING PROBLEMS TO

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Chairman: G. D. BIRLA • General Manager: B. T. THAKUR

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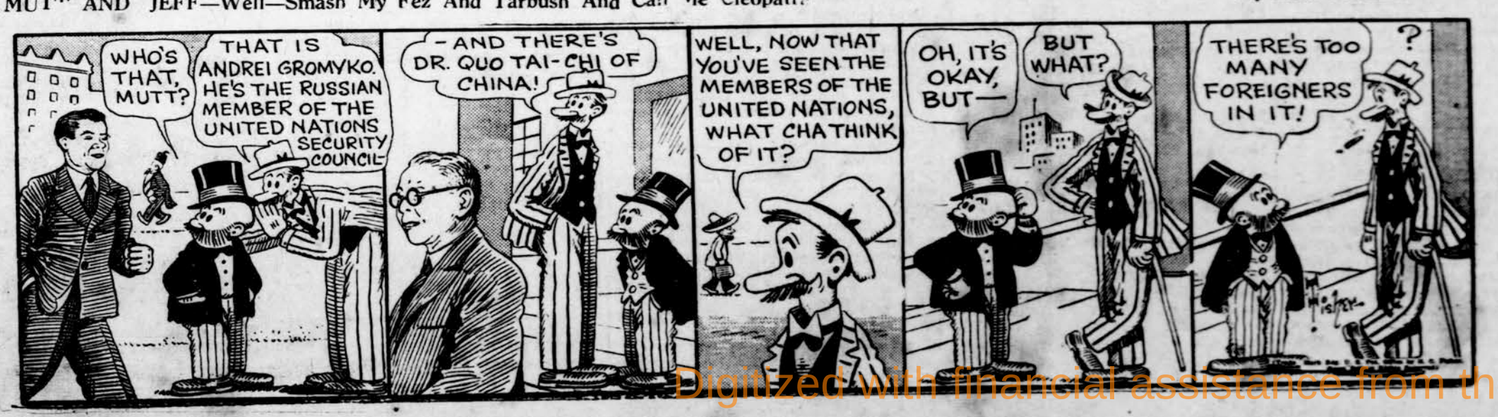
Regional Manager: O. H. GHEEWALA.

Fort Office Telephone Nos: 24842 & 27174.

U. 20

MUTT AND JEFF—Well—Smash My Fez And Tarbush And Call Me Cleopatra

By BUD FISHER


WHO'S THAT, MUTT?
THAT IS ANDREI GROMYKO. HE'S THE RUSSIAN MEMBER OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL
-AND THERE'S DR. QUO TAI-CHI OF CHINA!
WELL, NOW THAT YOU'VE SEEN THE MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS, WHAT CHA THINK OF IT?
OH, IT'S OKAY, BUT—
BUT WHAT?
THERE'S TOO MANY FOREIGNERS IN IT!
?

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted for engagement, educated handsome Hindu Widow above 25 years from respectable family for high class good looking Hindu Captain doing good business at Bombay caste no restriction. Apply Box No. 6986, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted on Rs. 85/- per month with high commission, representative for packet and loose tea, for lucrative terms and samples. Apply sharp. D. T. S. Syndicate. 1 Shib Sankar Mullick Lane, Calcutta. 5207

Wanted Lady Tutor for young lady for teaching conversational English, etc., morning hours at the residence of the pupil are essential. Apply Mr. R. V. Dongre, Bombay 4.

Wanted an experienced Judicial Officer for the post of District and Sessions Judge in an Indian State situated in the central part of the country. Apply with testimonials stating qualifications, experience, age and minimum salary acceptable to Box No. 5249, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an Assistant Controller of Accounts for Tata Locomotive and Engineering Company, Limited, Tatanagar, in the grade Rs. 750-50-1,000 plus usual allowances. Candidate should preferably be a Chartered Accountant or an Incorporated Accountant. Applications stating age, qualifications, previous experience and salaries drawn should reach the Chief Personnel Officer, Tata Locomotive and Engineering Co., Ltd., Telco Works, P.O., Tatanagar, B. N. Rly. 5278

Applications are invited for the post of a Lady Doctor for a residential appointment, full time, private practice not allowed. Minimum qualifications: M.B.B.S. with three years' experience. Please apply before 5th October, 1947 stating terms to: The Chief Medical Officer, Calico Mills Hospital, Ahmedabad. 5308

Applications are invited for two posts of Junior Research Officers at the Central Glass and Ceramic Research Institute, Jadavpur (Calcutta) in the grade of Rs. 250-25-600. A higher initial salary may be given to specially qualified candidates. Minimum qualifications for the posts are: M.Sc. degree in Physics, Inorganic or Physical Chemistry, Geology or Ceramic Technology with at least three years' experience of work in an institution devoted to teaching of and/or research in Ceramic subjects. For one of the posts preference will be given to candidates having additional experience of testing and manufacture of refractory materials in a works. The posts are under the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, which is a non-government body and are temporary upto 28th February, 1948 in the first instance but with prospects of continuance. No other allowances except dearness (cost of living) allowance which may undergo modification is permissible to the officers of the Council stationed at Calcutta. Applications in duplicate stating age, qualifications and present salary supported by certificates if any should reach the Officer-in-Charge, Central Glass and Ceramic Research Institute, Jadavpur, Calcutta, not later than 16th October 1947. Candidates may be asked to come to Delhi or Calcutta for an interview at their own expense. They should also state whether in case of their failing to be selected for these posts they will be prepared to accept the post of Technical Assistants in the grade of Rs 150-10-300 EB -20-400 5293

Wanted an efficient Canvasser for stone writing-slates. Contact between 5 and 8 p.m. Oriental Traders, Chohan Bldg., opp. Post Office, Andheri. 7033

SITUATION WANTED

Inter-Arts Student (Sahitya-Ratna) Student wants tuitions in Hindi, Maths. Apply Box No. 7036, "Bombay Chronicle".

PERSONAL ADLETS

Rejoice School Children—Slates in large quantity available at cheap prices. M|s. Oriental Traders. 201, Chohal Bldg., opp. Post Office, Ghod Bunder Road, Andheri, B.B. & C.I. or 11, Zakeria Masjid. Bombay 3—Sole Agents of Bagalkot Slate and Tile Works, Bagalkot, Dist. Bijapur. 6928

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Punjab University permits private candidates at Matriculation Examination. Oral/postal tuition Bombay Tutorial College, Opposite Jermahal, Dhobitalao, Bombay. (6979)

Ambitious men are required to train for excellent positions in all branches of Engineering, or Government Service. Must be prepared to study at home in spare time for some months. Apply at once stating age, education, experience if any, and branch or profession preferred to B.I.E.T., Department 3|2, British Institutes House, Bombay. 5037

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Bank Officers, Company Secretaries, Accountants and General Commerce, etc. Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 7034

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. P. T. STORES DEPARTMENT
TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, at his Office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay No. 10, upto 1 p.m. (T.) on Monday, the 17th November, 1947, for the supply of the following—

1. Rope, wire, steel, flexible, galvanised of sizes.
2. Water Meters.

Tender forms giving full particulars and conditions can be obtained separately from the Office on payment of Re. 1|- per each copy. 5297

G. I. P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore & Thull Ghats, Lonavla, invites tender for Construction of Sewage disposal work and water flushed latrines at Swaraj Nagar Colony, Lonavla, upto 15-30 hours on 6th October, 1947.

2. The form of tender Schedule and Conditions of Contract can be obtained from his Office on payment of Rs. 2|- per set. Plans of the work will also be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 10|- per set. These sums will not be refunded.

EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
Bhore & Thull Ghats,
G. I. P. Rly., Lonavla. 5295

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Available on lease ideal site for picture house in the heart of civil lines Ludhiana. Correspond No. 6972, "Bombay Chronicle".

BOOKS & MAGAZINE

Attention businessmen, technicians, professional men, ladies and gentlemen, American and British Magazines keep you informed and upto the moment. Write for our 2,000 magazine catalogue. International Bookhouse, Ltd., Opposite Clock Tower, Fort, Bombay 5033

PROPERTY EXCHANGE

For Sale or Exchange in Bombay or Delhi (1) A Modern well-furnished, one-storied bungalow in Jamshed Quarters, Extension, Karachi, area 1066 Sq. Yds. Construction 300 Sq. Yds., worth Rs. 75,000|-. (2) A big well-established retail Silk Shop in Silk Bazar with the largest sales in Karachi, investment about 2 lacs. Contact ABC care M|s. J. Kimatrai & Co., New Silk Bazar, Bombay 2. Phone 23482 or same firm, Chandni Chowk, Delhi. 7035

MOTOR CAR FOR SALE

For immediate sale One Lanchester Saloon Car 1939 Model, Six Cylinder Four Seater, 14 H P in perfect running condition. Price Rs. 10,000 or above. Apply Box No. 5262 "Bombay Chronicle."

(1) Chevrolet 1947 Model—done under 2000 Miles—Purchased only in July last—Show-room condition—Price Rs 22,500/- or near offer. (2) Austin-12—1946 Model done under 5000 miles—Price Rs. 14,500/- or near offer. Inspection at 8, Kumara Park Extension, High Grounds, Bangalore City. Owner leaving for Home. 5292

For immediate sale One Plymouth Saloon Car 1941 Model, Six Cylinder Five Seater, 23.44 H.P. in perfect running conditions. Apply Box No. 5196, "Bombay Chronicle".

AGENTS WANTED

Agents wanted for Bombay. Pay or Commission, Apply sharp. P. B No. 6011, Bombay 12. (6988)

Wanted Agents to sell the remaining shares of Messrs Aryan Paper Mills Ltd., Subscribed Capital of the Company exceeds Rs. 35,00,000. Necessary advance payment for machineries already made Delivery expected very soon For full particulars please write to the Head Office at 12, Chowringhee Square Calcutta (1682)

Wanted Dealers and Agents: Alma Tea in 3 and 6 Pies 1|8 and 1|4 lb. Packets and loose. Alma Coffee Powder in 6 Pies packets and loose for samples. Apply with 4 As. stamps to N. Sivam & Co. (Regd. No. 1884|47) Mettupalaiyam, (Nilgiris). 7038

AGENCIES WANTED

Calendars all kinds, toys and stationeries Agencies wanted: M. S. Palanisami Touring Agent Bhavani (S.I.) (6546)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Typewriters: Buy-Sell-or Exchange, also English make Carbon-papers, Ribbons, etc. Contact: Bhatia & Co., Shahpur House, Cawasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay. (Repairs and Maintenance service undertaken at most moderate charges). 7014

Wanted Steel Tubular Poles 28, 30, 32 and 36 feet long ex-stocks. Contact P O Box No 1454, Madras-18 5309

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex stock, Refrigerators of all sizes A.C.|D.C service guaranteed Also Fluorescent Industrial and Domestic Lighting Fittings Filament gasfilled imported lamps B.C & E.S caps from 15 to 1,000 watts any quantity delivered Petrol oil Generating Sets A.C.|D.C Time Switches Insulated V.I.R & C.T.S cables B.C lampholders etc Apply immediately F & C Osler (India) Ltd., Opp Roxy Cinema Supplies are limited as no further imports are allowed. 5036

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
Regional Commissioner, Disposals,
Mercantile Chambers, Ballard Estates, Fort, Bombay

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (Disposals), Bombay, invites sealed Tenders for the purchase and removal of the following stores ex site:—

Description of stores	Location	Condition
Wireless Valves (detailed list is available for inspection in office)	R.I.N. Depot, Mankhurd	Serviceable

SUPERSCRIBE REFERENCE NO. RCS/MMH/51616/43/147.
LAST DUE DATE: 14-10-47.

Offers must be submitted in the Tender Forms obtainable from this office on payment of Rs. 5/- per set (which is not refundable) in double covers, inner being sealed and superscribed with above Tender No. and due date. Offers should remain open for acceptance for 30 days from the date of offer.

Only licence holders can quote.

Earnest money (refundable to unsuccessful tenderers) of 10% of the value of offers should be deposited in the Reserve/Imperial Bank of India or Government Treasury under Head of Account "Revenue Deposits" in favour of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay. Tenders not accompanied by such Treasury/Bank receipt will be ignored.

CHEQUES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

No guarantee is given of the quantity, quality or suitability of the stores. Sale will be subject to the conditions of contract laid down in Form Con. 117.

Permits to inspect the stores at site can be obtained from the office of the respective Regions. (5298)

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY
OFFICE OF THE MILK COMMISSIONER

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a post of Senior Auditor in the scale of Rs. 175-15-400 and a post of Senior Clerk on Rs. 95-5-140.

The Senior Auditor should be preferably a graduate and should have passed the subordinate accounts service examination or its equivalent. He must possess accounts and audit experience in a Government Office or in a large business concern, for at least 5 years. He should be capable of carrying out audit and of directing the keeping of accounts on right lines, as may be required in each case.

The Senior Clerk should be at least a matriculate and have experience of accounts in an organised firm or office

Applications stating age, qualifications and experience accompanied with certificates, should reach Milk Commissioner's Office Dhobi Talao, Bombay, before 6th October, 1947.

Government servants may apply through their departments and in case of old entrants against the post of Senior Auditor, they will be entitled to a scale of Rs. 220-20-500.

Candidates will be required to come for interview at their own expense.

D. N. KHURODY,
Milk Commissioner, Bombay.
Bombay, 18th September, 1947.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST RAILWAY.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for 1 year for (1) unloading cotton bales from Railway wagons and placing them on end on the platforms inclusive of such sorting out of bales as is necessary; (2) for loading cotton bales from platforms into Railway wagons; (3) for sheeting and unsheeting and collecting and handling sheets and (4) for casual labour for weighments or other purposes at Cotton Depot Station on the Sewri Mazagon Reclamation, on and from 1st November 1947.

Tenders should specify the rates for 100 bales of each variety of cotton viz., Indian, African, American and Egyptian cotton for (1) and (2), per 100 sheets for (3) and per man per hour or part of an hour for (4)

Tenders should be superscribed "Tender" and addressed to the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Railway, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, and should reach this office on or before 4 P.M. on Thursday 2nd October 1947.

The tenderer must give an undertaking that he will comply with the conditions of the Payment of Wages Act, and the Workmen's Compensation Act and agree to insure his employees with an Insurance Company approved by the Port Trustees.

The Port Trust does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

The successful tenderer will be required to execute an agreement, the terms of which can be seen at the Railway Manager's Office and to bear the cost of stamps to be affixed thereto and must be prepared to deposit Rs 5,000/- as a security for due fulfilment of the contract.

H A. GAYDON,
Manager.
Railway Manager's Office,
Nicol Road, Ballard Estate,
Bombay. 16th September, 1947. 5275

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 25-9-47 for the supply of Agmark Ghee, Groundnut Oil, Potatoes and Onions at the Railways Grainshops on the Bhusaval Division Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt Controller Grainshops G.I.P Railway at Bhusaval (5256)

G. I. P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore and Thull Ghats, G.I.P. Railway, invites tenders upto 15-30 hours on 6-10-47 for supplying (at Lonavla and Igatpuri) Clean Sand suitable for Mortar. The form of Tender Schedule and Conditions of Contract can be had from this Office on payment of Rs. 2|- each This sum will not be refunded. 5231

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED that on MONDAY, the 22nd September, and MONDAY, the 29th September, 1947, the following roads will be CLOSED to vehicular traffic and reserved for public purposes between the hours of 3-30 p.m. and 9 p.m. on account of the immersion of Ganpatis.

SANDHURST ROAD from its junction with Vithalbhai Patel Road to Chaupati.

CHAUPATI from the old level crossing to its junction with Babulnath Road.

HUGHES ROAD from its junction with Sandhurst Bridge to its junction with French Road.

FRENCH ROAD from its junction with Chaupati to Chaupati Back Road.

HARVEY ROAD from its junction with Chaupati to Chaupati Back Road.

VITHALBHAI PATEL ROAD from Cawasji Patel Tank to Sandhurst Road junction (except for conveyances carrying Ganpatis when proceeding West, i.e. towards Chaupati).

GIRGAUM ROAD from Portuguese Church to Sandhurst Road junction, and

MARINE DRIVE from its junction with the road leading from the footover bridge between Churchgate and Marine Lines Rly. Station to its junction with Chaupati.

CHARNI ROAD from Portuguese Church to its junction with Vithalbhai Patel Road shall be closed to East bound vehicular traffic (except for conveyance carrying Ganpatis).

Vehicles proceeding from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hill towards the Fort and vice versa will proceed along the following roads:—

WALKESHWAR TO FORT via Walkeshwar Road, Babulnath Road, Hughes Road, Harvey Road, Nana's Chowk, over Kennedy Bridge, Girgaum Road and New Queen's Road.

CUMBALLA HILL TO FORT via Gowalia Tank Road, Nana's Chowk, over Frere (Grant Road) Bridge, Lamington Road and New Queen's Road.

FORT TO WALKESHWAR via New Queen's Road, French Bridge, French Road, Hughes Road, Babulnath Road and Walkeshwar.

FORT TO CUMBALLA HILL via New Queen's Road, Girgaum Road, over Kennedy Bridge, Nana's Chowk and Gowalia Tank Road.

CHAUPATI FOOT OVERBRIDGE will be open to pedestrian traffic going towards the seaface upto 6-30 P.M. and all persons returning from the sea-face before this time will proceed via Sandhurst Bridge; from 6-30 p.m. this bridge will be open only to persons returning from the sea-face. All persons wishing to go to the sea-face after 6-30 p.m. will proceed via Mathew Road and Sandhurst Bridge.

PARKING PROHIBITED: Parking of vehicles along Girgaum Road (Kennedy Bridge) North of Sandhurst Road, on French Road from its junction with Chaupati to its junction with Sandhurst Bridge and along New Queen's Road is prohibited.

This order is made under the provisions of section 23 (4) of the Bombay City Police Act, IV of 1902.

J. S. BHARUCHA,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay. 12th September, 1947. (5296)

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING & MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.
NOTICE

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY the 6th October to TUESDAY, the 28th October, 1947, both days inclusive.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
TATA INDUSTRIES LIMITED,
Managing Agents.
S. D. SAKLATVALA.
Director.

Bombay House,
Bruce Street, Fort,
Bombay, 20th September, 1947. 5294

THE RAGHUVANSHI MILLS, LTD.

11-12, Haines Road, Bombay 13.

THE EIGHTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held TODAY at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at the above address, to consider the business already notified. 5300

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED
FOR THE PATNA MEDICAL COLLEGE HOSPITAL.

(1) Nursing Sisters—must be General and Midwifery trained and have got sufficient experience. Pay —Rs. 125-9-170 per month plus Rs. 2|8|- p.m. as Dhobi allowance, Rs. 100|- per annum as uniform allowance besides free board and accommodation in the Nurses' Home.

(2) Staff Nurses Grades A and B —General and Midwifery Certificates essential; must be able to speak and understand Hindustani. Matriculates or those having equivalent qualifications will be given preference to Grade A. Those who have passed only Middle English will be taken in as Grade B.

Salary—GRADE A—Rs. 75-5-90 p.m. plus Rs. 2|8|- p.m. as Dhobi allowance, Rs. 40|- as Uniform allowance. GRADE B—Rs. 35, 37, 40, 45 and 50 during 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th years of service plus Rs. 2|8|- p.m. as Dhobi allowance, Rs. 35|- as Uniform allowance. Free board and accommodation in the Nurses' Home allowed to both grades.

Apply with copies of certificates and testimonials and medical certificate to the undersigned on or before the 30th September, 1947.

Secretary,
Nurses' Selection Committee,
(Patna Medical College Hospital)
P. O. Bankipore, Patna.
17-9-47. 5302

SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART, BOMBAY.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates domiciled in Bombay Province for the following vacancies:—

(a) CLERK:
Qualifications: — Matriculate with knowledge of typing and experience in office routine work. Candidates must not be more than 25 years of age on 1st December, 1947. Scale of pay Rs. 50-5|2-90-5-140, plus Dearness Allowance admissible.

(b) ASSISTANT TEACHERS IN THE (1) DRAWING AND PAINTING, (2) NORMAL CLASS FOR DRAWING TEACHERS, (3) SCULPTURE AND (4) DRAWING GRADE CLASSES:
QUALIFICATIONS:—(i) Not more than 30 years of age on the 1st December, 1947, (ii) must have received a thorough artistic training and have passed the Diploma Examination in Drawing and Painting and|or the Art Master's Examination and (iii) must have teaching experience and a good knowledge of English.

(c) ASSISTANT TEACHERS IN THE COMMERCIAL ART SECTION:
QUALIFICATIONS: — (i) not more than 30 years of age on 1st December, 1947, (ii) must have received a thorough artistic training and have passed the Diploma Examination in Commercial Art of the Government of Bombay, (iii) must have teaching experience of one year and practical experience of 3 years in a recognised Commercial Art Studio or an Advertising Agency and a good knowledge of English.
Scale of pay for (b) and (c) Rs. 90-5-135-8-175 plus Dearness Allowance admissible.

(d) ASSISTANT TEACHER IN SCULPTURE:
QUALIFICATIONS: — (i) not more than 30 years of age on 1st December, 1947, (ii) be a good practical mason, a good designer and well experienced in carving designs on hard stones and in moulding and casting in plaster as well as in cement, (iii) know cutting jali work perforating panels and finishing on both sides and figure carving in relief and in the round, and know also how to estimate masonry work, marble carving work and the use of the pointing machine (compass), (iv) have a good hand for free hand drawing and (v) have passed at least the fifth standard either in Marathi or Gujarati and the Intermediate Drawing Grade Examination and also possess a working knowledge of English and Hindustani.
Scale of Pay Rs. 60-4-100-4-160 plus Dearness Allowance admissible.

(e) LIBRARIAN:
QUALIFICATIONS: — (i) not more than 25 years of age on 1st December, 1947, (ii) Matriculate with Diploma in Library Training. Scale of Pay Rs. 100-5-150 plus Dearness Allowance admissible.

Appointments to the posts from (b) to (e) will be made on temporary basis for the period upto 29th February 1948 in the first instance.

Temporary additional pay of Rs 10|- p.m. will be paid if admissible in addition to pay and the dearness allowance.

Candidates with approved war service will be given preference.

Applications stating experience, qualifications, age, present employment if any, and enclosing copies of certificates and testimonials in support thereof must reach the undersigned on or before 5th of October, 1947.

V S ADURKAR,
Director.
Sir J. J. School of Art,
Bombay, 20th Sept. 1947. 5311

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Parel, invites tenders for "Construction of a shed for B.E.S.T. Co. at Wadi Bunder" upto 3 p.m. on 3-10-1947. The tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his Office on payment of Rs. 2|- per set. Drawings for the work can also be had on payment of an additional sum of Rs. 3|- per set. These sums will not be refunded. 5303

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

TENDER No. SP|C|109|GB10|1366A for supply of 638 gallons Rexine Reviver due to be opened on 22-9-47, has been treated as withdrawn.

GENERAL MANAGER 5306

MARTIN BURN LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors of this Company has sanctioned payment of the Dividend on the Preference Share Capital of the Company at the rate of 5% per annum for the half-year ended 30th September, 1947. The Preference Share Transfer Books will be closed from 1st to 8th October, 1947, both days inclusive. Payment will be made on or after 8th October, 1947 to those Preference Shareholders whose names appear on the Company's Register on 30th September, 1947 or in accordance with their instructions.

T. LESLIE MARTIN,
Managing Director.
12, Mission Row,
Calcutta.
Dated 22nd September, 1947. 5305

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

LECTURER IN PHYSIOLOGY, B. J. MEDICAL COLLEGE, AHMEDABAD.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED before 5|11|1947 for post of LECTURER IN PHYSIOLOGY, B. J. MEDICAL COLLEGE, AHMEDABAD. AGE:—Not more than 35 years on 1-1-1948 but may be relaxed in the case of highly qualified and experienced candidates and Bombay Government servants PAY:—Rs. 600-700. Private practice not allowed. Higher starting pay may be given. Prospects of promotion to the post of Professor in Physiology. QUALIFICATIONS:—M.B.B.S., of Bombay or of any other Statutory University AND M. Sc. with Physiology as principal subject OR such higher qualifications in medicine as imply fitness for appointment to the post, such as M.D. or M.R.C.P. or any equivalent post-graduate qualifications in Medicine. Those with teaching experience in Physiology or those with M.D. or M.R.C.P. or other post-graduate qualification in Medicine preferred. Application forms supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. CANVASSING IN ANY FORM WILL DISQUALIFY THE CANDIDATE CONCERNED. 5299

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
CENTRAL P.W.D.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED by the undersigned for enlistment as Contractors in the following categories, in the C.P.W.D.:

A:—BUILDINGS AND ROADS:—
(a) Class I:—Qualified to tender for works upto any amount.
(b) Class II:—Qualified to tender for works not exceeding Rs. 10 lakhs.
(c) Class III:—Qualified to tender for works not exceeding Re. 1 lakh.
(d) Class IV:—Qualified to tender for works not exceeding Rs. 50,000|-.
(e) Class V:—Qualified to tender for works not exceeding Rs. 10,000|-.

B:—SANITARY AND WATER SUPPLY:—
(a) Class I:—Qualified to tender for works upto any amount
(b) Class II:—Qualified to tender for works upto 10,000|-.
(c) Class III:—Qualified to tender for works upto Rs. 2,000|-.

C:—FURNITURE:—
(a) Class I:—Qualified to tender for works upto any amount.
(b) Class II:—Qualified to tender for works upto Rs. 10,000|-.
(c) Class III:—Qualified to tender for works upto Rs. 2,000|-.

The contractors already enlisted in the C.P.W.D. should also apply for fresh enlistment under any one of the new classes. It is proposed to cancel the existing list of contractors as soon as possible.

Revised rules and qualifications required for enlistment under the various categories, can be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of one rupee.

It is proposed to consider the applications for enlistment on 1st November, 1947 and contractors are requested to submit their applications so as to reach the office of the undersigned before that date

B. S. PURI,
Chief Engineer,
Central P.W.D
NEW DELHI 5304

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 2734 of 1947

(1) VIJAYSHANKER MULSHANKER JANI, President of the Arya Samaj, Bombay, as representing the Arya Samaj, Bombay, a Society registered under the Society's Registration Act (Act XXI of 1860), (2) VIJAYSHANKER MALSHANKER JANI, (3) PRABHASHANKAR MOHANLAL DAVE, Vice-President, (4) SABHAJIT MISHRA, Secretary, (5) VASANTRAI R. PATEL, the plaintiffs 2 to 5 of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants residing at Vithalbhai Patel Road, Vile Parle, Jacob Circle and Santa Cruz, without the Fort of Bombay, being the members of the Arya Samaj, Bombay, being a Society registered under the Society's Registration Act (Act XXI of 1860) on behalf of themselves and all other the members of the Society except the defendants ..... Plaintiffs

versus

(1) GOVINDLAL SHIVLAL, (2) MANSING KALURAM, (3) CHHOTALAL NARANDAS, (4) SHAMRAO D. THAKUR, (5) RAMCHANDRA SIDHANTALANKAR, (6) CHHOTALAL KISHANLAL, (7) GANPATRAM KRIPARAM, (8) SHIVDAS CHAPSI THAKUR, (9) RANCHHODLAL G. GYANI, (10) BAPALAL MANEKLAL MADHIVALA, (11) VALLABHDAS KAOIDAS MEHTA, (12) Dr. ASHANAND PANCHRATNA, (13) MANILAL T. SHAH, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Land's End Road, Tardeo, Kandevadi, Lamington Road, Charni Road, Byculla, Cavel Street, Bhatwadi, Walkeshwar, Kelevadi, C. P. Tank, Worli and Hughes Road, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendants

To,

All the Members of the Arya Samaj, Bombay.

TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to the order made by the Hon'ble the Justice Coyajee on the 12th day of August, 1947, the plaintiffs abovenamed have been given liberty under Order I Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure to file this suit against the defendants for and on behalf of themselves and all other members of the Arya Samaj, Bombay, excepting the defendants abovenamed for the following reliefs:

(a) for a declaration that the persons mentioned in Ex. D to the plaint herein are the duly constituted members of the Managing Committee of the Society and as such entitled to possession of all its properties, funds and records and to manage its affairs.

(b) for a declaration that the person mentioned in the Ex. E to the plaint herein are not the duly constituted members of the Managing Committee of the Society and have no right to interfere with the management of the affairs of the Society.

(c) for an order on the defendants to forthwith hand over possession of the office premises mentioned in the plaint herein and records and other assets wrongfully taken possession of by them to the persons mentioned in the said Ex. "D" as the duly constituted Managing Committee or in the alternative to the persons mentioned in Ex. "F" to the plaint herein as the case may be.

(d) for an order and injunction against the defendants restraining them from interfering with the management of the affairs of the Society or in any manner dealing with its properties funds and records

(e) for a decree against the defendants for Rs. 15,000/- or such other sum as the court deems proper as damages

(f) for an interim order pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit in terms of prayers (c) & (d)

(g) for an order if necessary, pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit appointing a Receiver to take charge of the property, funds and records of the Society with power to carry on all its work with the help of the persons mentioned in the said Ex. D or Ex. F as the case may be.

(h) for an order against the defendants for the costs of this suit, and

(i) for such further and other reliefs as the nature of the case may require.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of the suit has been fixed for the 3rd day of November, 1947

Dated this 17th day of September 1947

(Seal of the High Court at Bombay)

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR,
For Prothonotary
Senior Master.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYER.

This 17th day of September, 1947

Messrs. KHANDVALA & CHHOTALAL,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys. (5313)

(For further Notices see Page 7)

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